The Bombay Gazette

No. 12,013 New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, JUNE 4, 1887.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessel.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain	TUESDAY.
—ASSAM	3041	500	W. L. Wheeler	7th June
L SURAT	3142	550	J. L. Parfitt	14th "
M AUSTRALIA	3951	800	W. J. Nantes	21st "
L CLYDE	4121	800	E. M. Edmond	28th "
—NIZAM	3726	500	R. Haselwood	5th July
L BENGAL	4300	800	W. B. Andrews	12th "
ROHILLA	3500	700	W. Barratt	19th July

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta; and those marked M via Marseilles. By the others passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

Through Tickets are issued including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London and names registered for places in the sleeping Cars.

A steam-barge leaves the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 3 p.m., on the day of sailing, to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessel.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	On or about
MALWA	3959	500	G. W. Atkinson	10th June.
KHEDIVE	3899	600	A. C. Loggia	24th June.

Return Tickets are issued, at greatly Reduced Rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, June 3, 1887.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail-steamers leave BOMBAY at regular intervals of 30 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, and from GENOA on dates given below :—

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340.
" to Marseilles " 520, " 350.

First and Second respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers for Marseilles tranship at Genoa.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount to Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE

Steamer.	Tons. H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
R. RUBATTINO.	5,000	800	1st June. 24th July.
GIAVA	4 000	600	20th July. 10th Aug.*
D. BALDUINO.	5,000	800	10th July. 1st Sept.

(a) R. Rubattino.
* Sioga, o c.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Tons.	To sail
BISAGNO	4,000	11th June.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, May 16, 1887.

ANCHOR LINE.

INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL AND MEDITERRANEAN.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Tons.	H.P.	Commander	1887.
s.s. VICTORIA	3357	480	Capt. Wm. Russell	4th June.
s.s. PERSIA	3317	480	Capt. R. Hutchings	30th "
s.s. NUBIA	3559	480	Capt. T. Knox	11th July
s.s. ASIA	3559	480	Capt. J. Craig	2nd Aug.

Each Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess, and has every Comfort for First-class Passengers.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, May 28th, 1887. Agents.

CLAN LINE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

THE splendid s.s. CLAN GRAHAM, 3,000 tons, will sail from Bombay for Liverpool direct on the 5th June, and passages can now be secured. The saloon and state-rooms are all on the upper deck, and are fitted with every requisite for comfort. Surgeon and Stewardess carried.

For rates of passage, cabin plans, &c., apply to

FINLAY MUIR & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE favourite passenger steamer "CITY OF VENICE," 3,207 Tons, will sail for LIVERPOOL on or about 11th June.

The Cabins are on deck amidships and each contains 2 Berths. Punkahs, and every Comfort for First Class Passengers. No others carried.

This steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Crews entirely European.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Bombay, 16th April 1887. Agents.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

THE s.s. "MERTON HALL," 4 100 Tons, 500 H.P., Captain C. Barnes, will sail as above about the 30th June. She carries a Surgeon and Stewardess.

For further particulars apply to

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 17th May 1887.

THE CITY LINE s.s. CITY OF VENICE has ARRIVED from Glasgow and Liverpool, and is DISCHARGING in the Prince's Dock. Consignees of cargo are requested to PRESENT their BILLS OF LADING for our Counter signature and to TAKE DELIVERY of their GOODS without delay.

Matches, oil, acids and other inflammable articles must be removed as they are landed, failing which they will be exposed at Consignees' risk, and subject to removal to the combustible shed at their expense.

Unless boats are sent alongside without delay to take delivery of packages, exceeding in weight 30 cwts., they will be landed on the quay at the risk and expense of the Consignees.

Consignees are hereby expressly notified that all Claims for damage must be adjusted by Steamer's Surveyor before the goods are removed from the landing shed. The Undersigned decline all responsibility in respect of goods removed to the unclaimed warehouse. All Claims must be presented before the sailing of the steamer, otherwise none will be entertained.

Captain CLARK will attend every morning to survey damages, &c.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, June 1 1887.

FOR SALE.

HIGH-CLASSED PURE NILGIRI TEAS.

	Rs. a.
Flowery or Orange Pekoe ..... per lb.	1 0
Mixed Teas ..... "	0 12
Pekoe Souchong ..... "	0 12
Gunpowder ..... "	0 10
Souchong ..... "	

In 1, 2, and 5 lb. lead packets and in 8 lb. chests. Apply to the MANAGER, "Glen Morgan" Estate, Ootacamund.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

ADVANCES made on approved Personal Security at moderate interest, repayable by convenient instalments in connection with Policies in the Oriental Life Office.

Fixed Deposits received to a limited extent on the following terms :—

6 per cent per annum for 18 months, 12 " 9 " 6 " subject to notice of withdrawal.

For Prospectuses, Proposal Forms, and further particulars, apply to

D. MACKAUGHLAN SLATER, F.I.A., Managing Director
Elphinstone Circle.

JAS McCABE'S GOLD HUNTING WATCHES.

MANUFACTURED by some of his old experienced workmen whose services we have engaged. A few of these celebrated Watches, in Stout 18 carat Gold Cases, Engine turned and Plain, are now obtainable for Cash Rs. 325, or by twelve monthly instalments Rs. 30.5

MARCKS AND Co., Limited,
POONA, East Street | BOMBAY, 43, Esplanade Road.

AUTHORISED

BUGGY, SHIGRAM AND VICTORIA FARES,

With an alphabetical index of Buildings and Places mentioned in the Fare list, with number of Stand, &c.

Complete and easy reference

Size 3 inches by 4½ inches.

Can be easily carried in the waistcoat pocket.

Cloth Limp Cover.

Price, Annas 4.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Press.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S.S. "PACHUMBA," 872 tons, on FRIDAY, June 3rd 1887, at noon, calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebander, and Kutch Mandvie in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "SATARA," 1,301 tons, on MONDAY, 6th June on arrival of Outward English Mail) calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "CANARA," 1,901 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 9th June, at 5 p.m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S.S. "BAGHDAD," 1,271 tons, on MONDAY, the 13th June, at 5 p.m.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S.S. "KERBELA," 1,978 tons, on SATURDAY, 4th June, at noon prompt.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, June 3, 1887. Agents.

NOTICES.

SAMUEL FITZE & Co.,
East India Merchants and Commission Agents,
70 and 71, Bishopsgate Street, Within
London, E.C.

BOURNE AND SHEPHERD,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS,

ESPLANADE ROAD.

GERMAN LLOYD

MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, Ld.

CAPITAL M3,000,000—RESERVE FUND M750,000

EVERY DESCRIPTION of SEA-RISKS accepted at most favourable Rates.

F. FISCHER & Co.,
Agents.

DAVEY, PAXMAN & Co. STEAM ENGINES as supplied to Windsor Castle for H. M. the Queen, H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh, the Home and Colonial Governments, the Austrian, Italian, Spanish, Dutch, Swedish and other Governments, the Fisheries, Healtheries, Inventories Collieries, Post Offices, Lloyds, Board of Works, &c.

HIGHEST AWARDS—STOCKS ON HAND.

F. FISCHER & Co.,
Agents.

SHIPMAN KEROSINE ENGINE Co., Boston. No fuel but kerosine oil. No Engineer. Can be seen at the *Bombay Gazette*. THE BEST ENGINE FOR INDIA. Stocks on hand.

F. FISCHER & Co.,
Agents for India.

STEAM ENGINES FOR SALE!

MARSHALL'S Portable, 12 H. P. Second-hand, in Perfect Condition

ROBEY'S 12 H. P. Semi-portable, new.

F. FISCHER & Co.

INDIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY, Ld.

(Gramme and Jablochkoff Patents)

AUSTRALASIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT POWER AND STORAGE COMPANY, Ld.

(Edison and Swan's Patents)

SPIECKER AND CO. ELECTRIC LIGHT CO., Ld.

THE above comprise all the chief systems of Electric Light and Power in use in Europe.

PRICES OF ALL MATERIAL HAVE BEEN CONSIDERABLY REDUCED.

F. FISCHER AND CO.,
Agents for India.

TELEPHONES & ELECTRIC BELLS.

The new MAGNETO TELEPHONES require no BATTERY!!

INSULATED WIRE AND CABLE

(FELTEN & GUILLEAUME'S)

FOR ELECTRIC LIGHTING, BELLS, Telephonic, Submarine, Underground and Mining Operations. As supplied to the English, Colonial and Foreign Governments.

STOCKS OF HAND.

F. FISCHER & Co.,
Agents.

CIE DES CRISTALLERIES DE BACCARAT.

THE Depot of this world-famed Company's Glass and Crystal Ware is now opened, and the Public is invited to visit an exhibition of CRYSTAL CHANDELIERS, TABLE AND ORNAMENTAL WARE, VASES &c. ART PORCELAINS, REAL AND ZINC ARTISTIC BRONZE WARE MIRRORS, &c., such as has never been seen in India.

ORDERS FROM DEALERS REGISTERED FREE OF COMMISSION, AT FABRIK PRICES.

F. FISCHER & Co.,
Agents for India.
Depot, New Buildings, Meadows Street.

PILSENER BEER—UNSURPASSED QUALITY.

Special price to introduce it largely.

QUARTS..... Rs. 4-8 per doz.
PINTS..... " 2-12 "

In quantities of not less than 1 case.

F. FISCHER & CO.

EVERY MAN Interested in the subject of nervous and physical debility should write at once for a valuable pamphlet explaining how the most obscure, nervous and organic derangements may be successfully treated without stomach medication. The only method which is easy and pleasant, and will effect a perfect and permanent cure. This pamphlet, of great interest to all men, will be sent, in plain envelope, sealed free. The Marston Remedy Co., 21d, High Holborn, London, W.C.

THE BOMBAY TELEPHONE COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company's Shareholders will be held at the Registered Offices of the Company, 32 Elphinstone Circle, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th June, 1887, at ONE o'clock, for the purpose of appointing two Auditors for the Company.

BENN, ASHLEY & CO.
Secretaries and Agents.

JUBILEE COOKERY BOOK.

PRICE Re. 1 0 0

CONTAINS RECIPES for making favorite Indian dishes, the directions being worded plainly and simply, so that the merest novice in the Art of Cookery may prepare the dishes.

Amongst many others will be found receipts for Making Xmas Pottuguese sweets of all kinds, Mango Preserve, Guava Jelly and Cheese, Puddings of various sorts, different kind of Halwa, Tamarind Fish, Balchow, Mango Chutnies, Curries, etc.

Apply to the SUPERINTENDENT,
Tract and Book Society, Bombay.

NOTICE

TO COMMANDERS OF VESSELS IN PORT.

COMMANDERS of Vessels in Port are WARNED of the BAD WEATHER which generally accompanies the setting in of the South-West Monsoon, and are directed, from and after the date hereof, to have their vessels properly moored.

Special care is to be taken to keep the Hawse clear, and the Cables ready for veering. Gig or Boats should not be allowed to hang astern or alongside at night, or when there are indications of bad weather approaching.

The Commercial Code (including the Day and Night Storm Warning Signals) will be used at the Castle Flag Staff for communicating with the shipping, and signals should receive immediate attention.

(Signed) MAURICE BEAN,
Captain I. M.
Bombay, May, 30 1887. Acting Port Officer.

THE RUKHMABAI DEFENCE COMMITTEE.

HAVING for its objects—(a) the protection of Rukhmabai against the injustice and hardship which would be involved in her being imprisoned in execution of a decree pronounced by the High Court of Bombay in a suit brought against her by her husband for the restitution of conjugal rights, the case being one in which the "grant" was a matter of fact have been refused and (b) the removal of the causes of the [illegible] involved in certain [illegible] based on Hindoo Matrimonial [illegible] of the penalty of imprisonment,—it being a penalty which is entirely unknown to the law and is created by a British rule of Civil Procedure.

Subscriptions are urgently solicited for the objects set forth above and may be sent to the Undersigned or direct to the Bank of Bombay to the credit of the Rukhmabai Defence Fund.

JOHN FLEMING.
M. M. BHOWNAGGREE.
Hon. Secretaries.
3, Church Gate Street, Fort.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TREACHER'S MILK PUNCH

FOR COCK-TAILS AND PICK-ME-UPS.

Per doz. Rs. 25 Cash.

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST DISINFECTANT IS

SOLUBLE CRESOL.

(CALVERT'S.)

THIS Fluid is a concentrated product of uniform strength, it mixes readily with water in any proportion, and when diluted will be found effective in destroying the lower forms of insect and vegetable life and in preventing or arresting putrefactive change.

USES.

As a Purifier of the Atmosphere.
As a Deodorizer Antiseptic and Disinfectant.
As a Destroyer of Mange or Vermin in Dogs.
As an Insecticide to clear Ants and other Insects from Rooms.
As an Effective Preservative Agent against Mites in Hides and Skins.

Bottles ½ Pt. 6 as., Pt., 12 as., Qt. Rs. 1-2.
1 gal. tins Rs. 4-4, 5 gal. drums Rs. 20.
Special Quotations to large Buyers.

SOLE AGENTS:
TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SOUND CLARETS.

CASH. Per dozen. Quarts.	Pints.		CASH. Per dozen. Quarts.	Pints.	
Rs.	as.	Rs. as.	Rs.	as.	Rs. as.
10	12	6 0	ST. JULIEN MEDOC	10	12 6 0
			This popular Wine is much appreciated, and is in greater demand in India than any other brand. It is the pure product of the grape, neither "medicated" nor "doctored."		
10	12	6 0	BORDEAUX	10	12 6 0
			A favourite Wine from the District of Bordeaux.		
13	8	7 8	PETIT MEDOC	13	8 7 8
			Possesses good body with pleasing flavour.		
17	0	10 0	SUPERIOR MEDOC	17	0 10 0
			Full-bodied, of high character and flavour.		
22	0	12 0	CHATEAU LAGRANGE	22	0 12 0
			Soft, delicate, full and fine flavour.		
27	0	15 0	CHATEAU LAROSE	27	0 15 0
			Extremely delicate, endowed with exquisite flavour and bouquet.		
34	0	18 0	CHATEAU MARGAUX	34	0 18 0
			Exceedingly choice, possessing great fragrance with delicate bouquet.		

CLARET IN WOOD

We would draw attention to the following :—

BORDEAUX	Per hogshead Rs. 190
ST. JULIEN MEDOC	" " 190
PETIT MEDOC	" " 220
SUPERIOR MEDOC	" " 280

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS.
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

TURKISH TOWELS.

Small, hand size	Rs. 0 12 each.
Medium "	1 0 "
Large "	1 4 "
Bath size	3 0 "
Bath Blanket	Rs. 6-0 and 9 0 "

HONEYCOMB TOWELS, As. 8, As. 12, and Re. 1 each.
GLASS CLOTHS, all pure linen, Rs. 6 and 8 per doz.
D'OYLEYS, round linen Damask, Rs. 4-8 & 5-8 per doz.
WHITE TOILET COVERS, in all sizes, from 45 to 63 inches long.

Re. 1-8, 1-12, 2-0, and 2-8, each.

WATSON & Co.,
ESPLANADE HOTEL, BOMBAY.

THE Undersigned beg to inform their numerous patrons and the public, that their TAILORING BRANCH of business in the Fort will be DISCONTINUED from the 1st May 1887, and their Business Houses will be REMOVED to the address given hereunder, where all orders for wholesale and retail will be executed with their usual promptitude. Please note the address.

Y. A. LACKA & Co.,
Travelling Kit Warehouse,
Cantonment Street, near Jackeria Musjid, Bombay.

D. R. PUNDOLE,

VARIOUS KINDS of TRAVELLING or PALANQUIN CLOCKS and TIME-PIECES, our new Stock of Hall marked Gold and Silver Watches, Musical Boxes, Gold and Silver Charms, Steel Silver and Gold Spectacles, Gold Eyeglasses, 9 Carat Gold Stone Ring.

Best metal Watches, Rs 8 cash.

Practical and Experienced Repairer of Watches, Clocks and Musical Boxes.

Charges—Moderate,
Church Gate Street,
Opposite Cash Bazaar.

JUST PUBLISHED,
Price Rs. 2-6.

THE FIRST EMPRESS OF THE EAST.
A Story in dramatic form.
BY
CAMERON MACDOWALL.
Author of "Lady Margaret's Sorrows," &c., &c.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

"The language is full of vigour."—England, *the Primrose Chronicle.*

"Replete with fine feeling, noble thoughts and dainty imagery."—*The People.*

"The perception is bold."—*United Service Gazette.*

"From the first page to the last, there is no cessation of interest."—*Literary World.*

THACKER & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

LUND & BLOCKLEY,
CLOCK AND WATCH MANUFACTURERS
BY SPECIAL WARRANT
TO HER MAJESTY
QUEEN VICTORIA OF ENGLAND
AND
EMPRESS OF INDIA.

CLOCKS..... from Rs. 10 to 10,000
WATCHES..... " Rs. 10 to 10,000
JEWELLERY (Gold London made) various articles from Rs. 10 to 10,000
ELECTRO-PLATE (Best Sheffield) various articles from Rs. 5 to 1,000
TABLE CUTLERY, &c. &c.
ALL MARKED AT
LONDON CASH PRICES.

TERMS 10 PER CENT DISCOUNT FOR READY MONEY.
ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES FREE ON APPLICATION.

LUND AND BLOCKLEY,
WATCH AND CLOCK MANUFACTURERS TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN-EMPRESS, THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, THE INDIAN STATE RAILWAYS, &c. &c.,
AND MAKERS OF THE BOMBAY UNIVERSITY TOWER CLOCK AND CHIMES.

MANUFACTORY	INDIAN BRANCHES,	AND AT
Little Pulteney Street, LONDON.	FORT BOMBAY. AND EAST STREET POONA.	42 Pall Mall LONDON.

BOMBAY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, (Limited.)

CAPITAL Rs. 15,00,000.

INSURANCE against FIRE effected in any part of India on the most favourable terms. Special terms offered to insurers in the Island or Bombay. Up-country agents wanted.

C. H. B. FORBES & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers, Bombay.

MERRYWEATHER & SONS.

FIRE ENGINES, Fire Escapes, Hoses, and Appliances of all kinds for extinguishing Fires. Apply to

C. H. B. FORBES & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.

RHINE & MOSELLE WINES.

LAUBENHEIM.	HOCHHEIM.	JOHANNISBERG.	FINE MOSELLE.
A light dinner wine, sound and adapted for general use.	A very agreeable dinner wine, soft, delicate and fine.	The perfection of Hocks, highly aromatic flavour and deliciously soft to the taste.	Fine, full flavour.
Bottles.....Rs. 18 0 } Per doz.	Bottles.....Rs. 25 0 } Per doz.	Bottles.....Rs. 44 0 } Per doz.	Bottles.....Rs. 33 0 } Per doz.
Half Bottles. " 10 0 } cash.	Half Bottles. " 13 8 } cash.	Half Bottles. " 23 8 } cash.	Half Bottles. " 18 0 } cash.
GEISENHEIM.	NIERSTEIN.	SPARKLING WINES. Superior Hock.	SUPERIOR MOSELLE.
Good flavour and body, can be well recommended.	Very soft and good bouquet.	Delicate flavour & bouquet.	Very fragrant.
Bottles.....Rs. 21 0 } Per doz.	Bottles.....Rs. 28 0 } Per doz.	Bottles.....Rs. 27 0 } Per doz.	Bottles.....Rs. 37 0 } Per doz.
Half bottles. " 11 8 } cash.	Half Bottles. " 15 0 } cash.	Half Bottles. " 20 0 } cash.	Half Bottles. " 21 0 } cash.
STEINWEIN.	LIEBFRAUMILCH.	FINEST EHRENBREITSTEIN.	FINEST NONPAREIL MOSELLE.
Of great fragrance, pure and natural.	A very fine, full bodied wine, rich in character and flavour.	The very finest wine of its kind.	Very rich, delicious bouquet.
Glass Jugs...Rs. 27 per doz. cash.	Bottles.....Rs. 31 0 } Per doz.	Bottles.....Rs. 45 0 } Per doz.	Bottles.....Rs. 45 0 } Per doz.
	Half Bottles. " 18 0 } cash.	Half Bottles. " 24 0 } cash.	Half Bottles. " 24 0 } cash.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld..

WINE MERCHANTS.

BOMBAY. BYCULLA AND POONA.

CHAMPAGNE.

JEAN SIBADEY'S "CARTE BLANCHE."

A Light Wine of good quality, and very moderately priced.

Per dozen quarts.....Rs. 33 0 Cash, Rs. 36 0 Credit,
Per 2 dozen pints..... " 36 0 " " 39 0 "

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS,

BOMBAY.

IVORY BILLIARD POOL & PYRAMID BALLS,

THE MONSOON being now almost due we recommend BILLIARD PLAYERS to provide themselves with IVORY BALLS.

The Monsoon is the only time during which it is safe to lay in a stock of these Goods without fear of their cracking, and as we have a large quantity of Seasoned and well selected BALLS in STOCK we can supply at the shortest Notice.

We have in our employ a practical EUROPEAN IVORY TURNER, and we guarantee all Balls sent out by us to be superior to any imported ones, especially as every Ball is carefully tested before it leaves our Factory.

PRICES ON APPLICATION TO

JOHN ROBERTS & CO.,

PRACTICAL BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS, IVORY TURNERS, AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE SUPPLIERS.

18, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY.

WATERPROOF COATS,

GROUND SHEETS AND CARRIAGE APRONS.

WE have now received our new Goods as above for the Monsoon, they are specially made to withstand the effects of the climate, and thoroughly Waterproof.

Black Cavalry Regulation Cloak, new approved W. O. Pattern.

48"	50"	52"	54"	56"	58"
Rs. 36	38	40	42	44	46

Dark Blue Twill, Double Texture, Chesterfield Shape, very stylish.

48"	50"	52"	54"	56"	
Rs. 28	30	32	34	36	
Brown Black	do.	do.	do.	do.	same as above.

Drab lined Grey Reversible Coats, very light.

48"	50"	52"	54"	56"
Rs. 10	11	12	13	14

Drab Twill on Shepherds Plaid Ground Sheets, 72" by 60" Rs. 13-0.
Do. do. do. Gig Apron, Strap and Nickel Ring, Rs. 10-8.
Double Texture Drab Twill W. P. Sheeting, 60" Wide, Rs. 6-8 per yard.
Also shortly expected Black Gig Aprons, Lined Scotch Tartans.

BADHAM, PILE AND CO., Ld.,

GENERAL OUTFITTERS,

BOMBAY, POONA & SECUNDERABAD.

WHISKY.

SCOTCH.

	Per dozen.
CARLTON, 11 years old, Really the finest imported	Rs. 41 0
Do. 5 years old, grand Whisky	" 37 0
GRAND OLD HIGHLAND	" 37 0
NAPIER JOHNSTONE'S, in square bottles	" 28 8
"SPECIAL RESERVE" Glenlivet	" 26 8
FINEST HIGHLAND MALT, Patented bottles	" 26 0
OLD VATTED GLENLIVET	" 24 4

IRISH.

D. W. D., three Shamrocks	Rs. 29 8
Do. one Shamrock	" 27 4
FINE OLD, our own blend	" 26 0

THE ABOVE PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO DISCOUNT FOR CASH.
SPECIAL TERMS TO MESSES AND CLUBS.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,

BOMBAY.

MRS. LAKE.

SATEEN DRESSES.
Rs. 25, Rs. 30, Rs 40 and upwards.

ZEPHYR DRESSES.
Rs. 25, Rs. 30, Rs. 40 and upwards.

FANCY FIGURED MUSLINS
Rs. 40, Rs. 50, Rs. 60 and upwards.

INDIAN MUSLINS.
Rs. 40, Rs. 50, Rs. 60 and upwards.

CASHMERE DRESSES.
Rs. 45, Rs. 50, Rs. 60 and upwards.

SILK AND SATIN DRESSES.
Rs. 65, Rs. 80, Rs. 100 and upwards.

LADIES OWN MATERIAL MADE UP.

MRS. LAKE,

MAISON DE MODES,

RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'S COGNACS.

SHIPPED in five qualities, each older and more mature than the generality of Brandies shipped to India.

Four stars..Rs. 41-0. Three stars..Rs. 36-0.
Two stars... " 33-0. One star ... " 30-0.

Monogram Rs. 27-0.

A parcel of sample bottles forwarded on receipt of Post Office Order.

The Brandies are supplied in Wood and in Jars containing two and four gallons.

SUPPLIES FROM ENGLAND.

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Diamond Half-Hoop	Claw-set	Rings from Rs.	150	Diamond and Ruby Rings.
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AND ANY OTHER COMBINATION MADE TO ORDER IF NOT IN STOCK.

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WE desire to call attention to the undermentioned brands. We are sole Agents in this Presidency for them. We recommend them as being in every way suitable for India.

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BASS'S ALE, "Dog's-head" bottling—
Per case of 3 dozen quarts ..... Rs. 18 0 Cash.
Per case of 6 dozen pints ..... " 34 12 "

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GENERAL H. HOPE CREALOCKE, C.B.—I have spent a week in this Hotel, and have been made as COMFORTABLE as possible, and found the authorities in the Hotel both civil and obliging, and anxious to do all in their power to meet my wishes. The Hotel is large, lofty, and airy, and the *cuisine* and attendance good, it is conveniently situated, and the charges moderate.

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THOMSON and TAYLOR'S blend of FINE OLD CAMPBELTON AND ISLAY rank amongst the finest of Whiskies imported into this country. It is a rich, mellow and soft Spirit, genuine and wholesome. A trial is solicited from all who appreciate

A REALLY GOOD SOUND WHISKY PEG.

Shipments arrive regularly direct from Scotland, so that Clubs and Messes can be promptly supplied. Price per dozen, Rs. 24; per bottle, Rs. 2, cash.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT, SATURDAY, 4TH JUNE, 1887,
VICTORIA THEATRICAL COMPANY
Will perform the new fascinating Urdu Opera,
INDER SHRAP URF SANGIN BAKAVALI,
with elaborately finished English style, scenic effects never produced in India before.

GAIETY THEATRE.

MR. C. S. NAZIR'S
JUBILEE THEATRICAL COMPANY,
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TO-NIGHT, SATURDAY, 4TH June 1887.
Mr. A. B. Patell's adaptation in Gujerati of Bulwer Lyton's splendid play of
THE LADY OF LYONS
Or Love and Pride.
Full Parse Social Hit.
Faces as usual. Seats as the Theatre.

NOTICE.

THE Office of the WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB will be established at Kirkee, on 15th June. All communications to be sent direct instead of to 4, Main Street, Poona.

A. C. GAYE,
3rd June, 1887. Honorary Secretary, W. I. T. Club.

W. I. T. CLUB.

NOTICE.

A MEETING of the STEWARDS will be held at the Grand Stand, Poona, at 7-30 a.m., on 16th June 1887.

A. C. GAYE,
3rd June, 1887. Honorary Secretary, W. I. T. Club.

MONSOON STOCK.

JUST RECEIVED, a large stock of Boots and Shoes, Leggings, Long Boots, Golashes, Shooting Boots, also best Merino and white Waterproof Coats and Cloaks, &c., &c. Moderate Prices. HUSSANALLY MOOLLA HACKIMJEE & BROTHERS, Shop No. 1, New Arcade Foot Path, Crawford Market.

PROCLAMATION.—BOMBAY TO WIT—By virtue of a Precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give notice that the THIRD SESSIONS of 1887 of OYER and TERMINER and GENERAL GAOL DELIVERY, will be holden before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, at the Court House, on MONDAY, the 27th day of June instant, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, and other Felonies, Misdemeanours, Trespasses, and other Crimes, Misdemeanours and Offences, had, done, or committed within the Town and Island of Bombay, and the Limits thereof, and the Factories subordinate thereto; and also to inquire, hear, and determine, in the like manner, all Treasons, Murders, Felonies, Forgeries, Perjuries, Crimes, Extortions, Misdemeanours, Offences, Wrongs, and Oppressions, had, done, or committed by any of Her Majesty's British Subjects in any of the Territories which now are subject to, or dependent upon, the Government of Bombay, or within any of the Dominions of the Native Princes of India in alliance with the said Government.

And also, that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, Piracies, Robberies, Felonies, Misdemeanours, Offences, and other Maritime Crimes whatsoever, done or committed on the High Seas.

And I hereby give notice to all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions, or in any way concerned therein that they are to attend at the time and place abovementioned, and not to depart without leave of the Court.

And I hereby give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Escheators and also all Chief Constables and Bailiffs of the Town and Island of Bombay and the Limits thereof, that they be then and there in their own persons, with their Rolls, Records, Indictments, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done.—Dated this 1st day of June, 1887.

DINSHAW MANOCKJEE PETIT,
Sheriff of Bombay.

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N.B.—All Subscriptions must be paid in advance.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published weekly on the departure of English mail, 24 pages of the *Pall Mall Budget* size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged ; Army Orders, &c. Indian subscription, Rs. 12 per Year, free of postage. English subscription 10s 6 per year, including postage.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER for the City of Bombay up to 2 p. m. on MONDAY, the 8th day of August 1887, for about 700 Tons of Cast Iron Pipes, together with special Castings and Sluice Valves.

2. Form of Contract, Specification, &c., and all information can be obtained on application to the, Undersigned.

3. Tenders should be accompanied by a Deposit of Rs. 1,000 to be paid to the Controller of Municipal Accounts in cash, and to be forfeited in case of refusal to sign the Contract.

4. A further Deposit of Rs. 1,000 will have to be paid by the Contractor whose Tender is accepted.

5. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,
RIENZI WALTON.
Executive Engineer, Municipality.
Bombay, Executive Engineer's Dept., Municipal Commissioner's Office, 3rd June 1887.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that LUXUMON RAMCHUNDRA, the surviving Executor of the last Will and Testament of the late Bhasker Crishna Gawad, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property. All persons having claims against the same by way of mortgage, inheritance, gift, sale, lease, use, possession or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to notify the same in writing to the undersigned at their Office, No. 14, Rampart Row, within 15 days from the date hereof after which the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same if any will be considered as waived. All that piece or parcel of Koras land or ground situate lying and being at Parel on the West of Elphinstone Road in the Island of Bombay, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 61, new No. 1193, containing by admeasurements 6,573 square yards, be the same a little more or less in the registration subdistrict of Bombay and bounded as follows :—On the east by the property of Succaram Ramchandar, on the west by the property of Dadabhoy Jamsetjee, on the north by a public passage and on the south by the property of Bhai Ramchunder.—Dated this 3rd day of June 1887.

BICKNELL & KANGA,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1 ; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

MAIDEN HAIR FERNS.—Seventy-five varieties, single plants or in duplicate. The largest stock in India to select from.—T. BROMLEY, Importer of Plants, Mahim, Bombay.

TO LET.—ROOMS suited for Office or Bachelor Quarters, 27, Meadow Street.

COME AND SEE, Our new Bohemian Flower Baskets and Centre Pieces with Mirror-stands, the best Drawing-room Ornament. Price a Cheap.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

TO-DAYS ICES.—Pineapple, Mango, Cherries and Vanille ; also Wines and Spirits of the best quality to be had at the VIENNA CONFECTIONERY, No. 25, Church Gate Street.

JUST RECEIVED, a complete and fresh Stock of Burgoyne and Burbidge's Drugs &c., Winsor and Newton's Artists' Materials, Grimault's patent preparations and Rigaud's Scents.—J. BROTHERS & Co., Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

BASS BEER bottled for the Co-operative Stores Ld., in prime conditions, qts. Rs. 4-8, pts. Rs. 3 per Dozen.

W. J. ESSAI.

BASS BEER L. G. A. in Excellent condition and specially adapted for India, qts. 4-8 and pts. 3 per doz., Co-operative Stores Ld.

W. J. ESSAI.

DRAUGHT ALE and STOUT from Meakin's, Brewery, in convenient little 5 gallon Barrels, Rs. 8 each. Co-operatives Stores Ld.

W. J. ESSAI.

DRAUGHT ALE and STOUT from Meakin's Brewery Especially adapted for private use, in handy little Barrels of 5 gallon each.

W. J. ESSAI.

A BARGAIN, FOR SALE, A Pair of Large Field Binoculars by Dolland as Good as New. Property of a Gentleman going home. Apply to M. F. DIAS, Jr., Recoverer of Outstanding Debts and Claims and General Commission Agent, 11, Oak Lane, Fort.

IF you wish to have a real good Timekeeper fully worth the money you spend, go to KANNY & Co., Watchmakers, Goldsmiths, 6, Rampart Row.

POWER of ATTORNEY Forms in two different forms. Annas 6 each.

THE CATHEDRAL BOYS' HIGH SCHOOL will RE-OPEN on MONDAY, the 6th of June

THE only Cheapest and Best LEATHER WORKS. STEWART, LAWRIE and Co., Cawnpore.

ROPES FOR SALE.—HARTON'S OILED COIR and MANILLA. Apply OWEN & OKELL, Apollo-street.

MARION'S SENSITIZED PAPER in ¼ quire packets, Cabinet and C-de-Visite.
J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

SHEDDON HOUSE, Ootacamund, TO LET, with Crockery and Lamps. Apply to BARCLAY and MORGAN, Madras.

PARSEE WANTED as Bazaar and Invoice Clerk. Good Salary. Apply, in writing, to "A. K. C." *Bombay Gazette* Office.

WANTED, a small, light second-hand VICTORIA in good order. State price to "PHLEGM." care of this office.

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY, a situation as NURSE to Children. References exchanged. Address "M.," care of *Bombay Gazette* Office.

WHITE SUN UMBRELLAS.—A large stock to hand, lined green, strong frames, neat natural handles, Rs. 6. BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co.—Teakwood and Blackwood Plain and Inlaid Furniture of English and Indian Designs made to Order.—Chuckla, No. 6.

ONLY FEW COPIES LEFT of Guzerati Version of Col. Meadows Taylor's Tara (illustrated). Apply at *Dufter Ashkara* Press, or at the Booksellers.

FOR SALE.—Hartman's Celebrated Anti-corrosive Paint. At ALCOCK, ASHDOWN and Co. Ld., Sole Agents.

FOR SALE.—Coachran's Boilers, Shank's Engines, Shank's Pumps. For particulars, apply to ALCOCK, ASHDOWN and Co., Ld., Defence Works, Mazagon.

FOR SALE.—Downie's Celebrated Eucalptus Boiler Scale, Preventive and Remover. For full particulars, apply to ALCOCK, ASHDOWN and Co., Ld., Sole Agents.

SUTTON'S SEEDS.—Just received in boxes Vegetable at Rs. 4, 8, and 16 each ; Flower at Rs. 4, 6 and 8 each. PALEKAR and Co., Esplanade Cross Road Bombay.

FRESH HIMALAYAN JAMS.—Delicious Apricot and Plum Jams, in 1 lb. and 2 lb. tins, a as. 8 per lb. Apply to MANAGER, Ramgura Fruit Gardens, *via* Naini Tal.

TO BE LET, in Church Gate Street, a portion of the Ground-Floor, Rooms on the Second-Floor and piece of Vacant Ground. Apply to M. H. MAJU, at the Tea Emporium.

CHEAP SUITS ! CHEAP SUITS ! !—Coat and Trousers, Guaranteed all Wool, Rs. 15. Trousers per pair Rs. 7. Trial Order solicited.—JOHN MAHOMED & Co., 15, Meadow Street, Fort.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

OUR "CAMP" TIMEPIECE, 5 inch, Bold Enamelled Dial, going 8 days, Nickelled Dustproof Case, fitted in Case with Strap, Rs. 35. The same, 3½ inch Dial, Rs. 30.—MARCKS & Co., Limited, Bombay.

LADIES JERSEY JACKETS. In Navy, Black and Burgundy ; richly braided Rs. 9, 12, 14 to 20 each.—Just opened. The CASH BAZAAR, Limited, Ladies' and Children's Outfitters, Bombay and Poona.

SCOTTISH EDUCATION SOCIETY.—The Scottish High School, Byculla, and the John Connon School, Fort, will be reopened on WEDNESDAY, the 8th June.—JOHN FIRGAN, Joint Hony. Sec.

THE STEAM LAUNCH "ELEPHANTA" has been specially fitted up for pic-nics and is now available for private parties to Elephanta, &c. Apply to THOS. COOK and SON, Rampart-Row.

FOR SALE, Portable Engines by Clayton and Shuttleworth ; Horizontal and Vertical Engines ; Boilers and Steam Fittings by Shanks and Son from 1 to 20 H.P. Richardson & Cruddas, Bombay Metal Mart.

FOR SALE, DRESDEN and best PORCELAIN WREATHS and CROSSES for Children and Adults Graves, with Beads : inscriptions. Monuments and Railings supplied on the shortest notice. Memorial Brasses made to order. P. HAMILTON & Co., Sculptors, Byculla.

FOR BEST Waterproof Suits, Cloaks, Coats, Superfine Merino Waterproof Coats, Golosshoes Angola, Scotch and West of India Tweeds, Striped and Colored Socks and Stockings for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children, always apply to Y. A. LACKA & Co., No. 200, Chuckla street, near Jakeria Musjid.

VERY STRONG, Fast, Quiet PEGU PONY, FOR SALE. Believed to be sound. Cost price Rs. 415. Upon to trial. First reasonable offer will be accepted. Address Dr. BATLIWALLA'S, Matoonga Dispensary, Dadur, Bombay.

DON'T you know that Re. 1 paid for Batliwala's AGUE MIXTURE at Dr. BATLIWALA, Matoonga, Dadur, Bombay, and at Messrs. COOPER, MADON & Co., Chemists, Fort, Bombay, will be returned if the Ague or intermittent Malarious Fever does not abate within three days by its use ! Agents for Up-country Wanted. Apply to DR. H. L. BATLIWALA, 39 Matoonga, Dadur, Bombay.

FOR NATIVE STATES.—An Indian Lady offers her services as Secretary or Companion to a Rance. Knows Bengali, Guzerati, Hindustani, Marathi ; has some knowledge of French and German ; can teach Music and Singing, Plain and Fancy needlework ; is an accomplished English Scholar ; has had some practical experience of literary work, and is fully competent to conduct correspondence. Would not object to travel. "OMEGA," care of this paper.

TO LET, GROUND-FLOOR of the premises lately occupied by Pearse & Co. Apply to PEARSE & Co., Church Gate Street.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,

AUCTION sale of unclaimed goods, grain, and other sweepings, &c., &c., at the G. I. P. Railway Goods Station at Waree Bunder.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 4th instant, at 2 p.m., at the G. I. P. Railway Goods Station at Wari Bunder,

A quantity of unclaimed goods, grain, cotton, and other sweepings, waste paper, &c., &c.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, June 3, 1887.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.,
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS.

SALE OF VALUABLE CULTIVATED LAND WITH GARDEN, &c., AT THANNA.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 4th June 1887 at 4 p.m. Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by public auction, on the premises, by order of the mortgagee, Mr. Bomanshaw Sorabjee Colawalla, with the consent of C. A. Turnery Esqr., Official Assignee for the Estate and Effects of Framjee Bomanjee Moos, an Insolvent :—

All the right, title and interest of the said Insolvent's one-third share in and under all that pieces or parcels of cultivated land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house situate thereon, with the trees and fences at Mowjey Pachpakhandy, Kasba Thanna, Pata Pookdi, Taluka Sasten, in the District of Thanna containing by admeasurement about 39,839 square yards or 8 Acres and 21 Goontas, situate at Thana, Survey Nos. 127, 128, 193, 333, 330, 331, 333, and 479, Pot Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, and bounded on the east partly by the fields of Atmaram Raghoonath Patell ; partly by the field of F. B. Moose and Shaik Ahmed Hoobera, partly by the fields of Nusserwanjee and Jumnadass ; partly by the fields of Shaik Adum, Rughoonath Peelajee, and Dajee Ramchander ; partly by the fields of Horee Callia and Ballia Dhurma Kanu, partly by the fields of F. B. Moose and Ballia Dhurma ; partly by the field of Neelajee Jewan, partly by the field of Sunwar Cumla, and F. B. Moose ; partly by the fields of Cassinath Ball Josee, partly by the fields of Nusserwanjee and Jumnadass partly by the fields of Atmaram Raghoonath and F. B. Moose ; partly by the fields of Gooroo Churun (Government Land) partly by Wurcus Land ; partly by the fields of F. B. Moose, &c., on the south partly by the fields of Shaik Ahmed Hoobera, and F. B. Moose partly by the fields of Nusserwanjee and Jumnadass ; partly by the field of F. B. Moose, partly by the field of Maneck Jassoo, partly by Aumuree Paskol ; partly by the field of Ballia Dhurma Kanu, partly by the field of Nusserwanjee Jumnadass and F. B. Moose, &c., and on the north partly by the fields of Govind Yesoo Surulkeir, partly by the field of sunwar Cumla, Hurce Dadoo Jawun Podum and Govind Yesoo, partly by the field of F. B. Moose, partly by the Ballia Dhurma Kanu ; partly by Wurcus Land, partly by the field of F. B. Moose, and Atmaram Rughoonath, &c.

Also by order of the owners Mr. Bomanshaw Sorabjee Colawalla, and Mad. Cursetjee, widow of Dorabjee Merwanjee Dalal, their two-third share in and under the above-mentioned all that pieces or parcels of cultivated land or ground, &c.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned at their Office, No. 4, Forbes and Medows Street, Fort.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, June 4, 1887.

BANKS

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID UP CAPITAL ... 25,000,000
RESERVE FUND ... 4,000,000

LONDON BANKERS
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SO
LONDON OFFICE—52, THREADNEEDLE STREET, E. C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application.
No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers with out charge, if remitted through this Bank.

C. LOWELL, Manager.

Rampart Row, W.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE-STREET, LONDON.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID-UP CAPITAL—£800,000.
RESERVE FUND—£200,000.

INTEREST ALLOWED,

On CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances.
On FIXED DEPOSITS for 12 months at 5 per cent. per annum.

For shorter periods at rates which can be ascertained on application.
All letters should be addressed, and remittances made payable, to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

JAMES WALLACE,
Agent.

NOTICES.

ANGLO-INDIAN SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LD.

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of 2 GALLOWAY'S BOILERS, carrying 70 lbs. pressure, can be seen at work at the Company's Mill, Chinchpoogly.
Tenders to be sent in by the 16th inst.

P. PEARSON,
Secretary in Bombay.
29 Rmpart Row, Bombay June 2 1887.

SWIFT & FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.

UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Undersigned up to 15th June 1887, for the supply of the following CONSERVANCY CARTS, &c., required for the Chudderghaut Municipality :—

23 Galvanized Night Soil Carts, fitted with air-tight inlet and outlet valves, mounted on wheels with Iron Knaves, holding 200 gallons for one pair of bullocks.
23 Galvanized Crowley's patent Night Soil Carts for single bullock.
12 Wooden Dust Carts, wooden wheels, for one pair of bullocks.
12 Conservancy Carts, wooden wheels.
12 Galvanized Iron Water Carts, to hold 200 gallons.
10 Galvanized Iron Single Bullock Water Carts, 60 gallons.
10 Crawford's Iron Latrines, 4 Seats.
10 Crawford's Iron Latrines, 6 Seats.
10 Crawford's Iron Latrines, 8 Seats.
The Undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

NOEL H. L. WOODS,
Assistant Superintending Engineer,
Chud. Municipality.

Hyderabad, Deccan, 31st May 1887.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS DADABHOY HORMUSJEE and RUSTOMJEE DOSSABHOY SETNA, the sole surviving Executors of the will of Hajee Ismail Hajee Hubib, late of Bombay, who died on the 19th day of August 1878, and whose will was proved in the High Court of Bombay on the 20th day of January 1879, are about to finally wind up the Estate of the deceased and distribute the same. Notice is hereby given that any persons having any claims or demands upon or against the said Estate of Hajee Ismail Haji Hubib are hereby required to send in particulars of their debts to the said Executors at the office of the undersigned, their Solicitors, on or before the 15th day of June 1887. And notice is hereby also given that after that day the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Hajee Ismail Hajee Hubib, deceased, amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice, and that they will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 1st day of June 1887.

MACFARLANE, EDGELOW & HEMMING.
SOLICITORS FOR THE SAID EXECUTORS.

POLICIES ARE ISSUED
AND
CLAIMS ARE PAID
AT THE
INDIAN BRANCHES
OF THE
STANDARD LIFE OFFICE,
And every facility is afforded for the Despatch of Business.

GEO. OLIVER,
Acting Secretary,
Standard Life Office,
Bombay.

THE Undersigned begs to inform his numerous Patrons, Constituents and the Public that he has quite recently imported the following goods of the best quality, the prices are exceptionally cheap to suit everybody.

WATER PROOF COATS FOR MONSOON.

Gent's Medium Cloth Water Proof Cloaks	... each	Rs.	23 to 25
Do. Black, Brown and Grey Waterproof Coats	... "	"	15 to 18
Do. Grey and Brown Cloth Coats	... do.	"	13
Do. Olive Color Waterproof	... "	"	18 to 20
Do. Slate Color Waterproof Coats, light in weight	... "	"	9 to 10
White Water Proof Sheets with Warm Lining	... "	"	8 to 12
Do. do. Cloth do. breadth, per yd.	... "	"	4
Coachmen's Broad Cloth Rain Coats with Turban Cover	... each	"	6-8
Gents Tweed Ulsters	... "	"	20 to 25
Do. Cashmere Suits	... "	"	10 to 25
Do. Tweed Hats with Flaps	... "	"	1-8 to 2
Do. Dark Blue Flannel Suits	... "	"	20 to 25
Do. do. Serge Suits	... "	"	15 to 25
Do. Best White Woolen Gauze Drawers	... "	"	4 to 5
Do. do. do. do. Shirts	... "	"	3-8 to 5
Do. do. Merino Socks	... per doz.	"	7 to 12
Railway Rugs	... each	"	6 to 21
Ladies' Best white Handkerchiefs	... per doz.	"	1-8 to 3
Best White Linen Flannel Suits	... yard	"	1-8
Steel Trunks of Small and Large sizes	... each	"	10 to 16

BOOTS AND SHOES
of D. S. & POLLAK & Co., Vienna, very durable, lasting, attractive and elegantly prepared at cheap prices.

Gent's Best Calf Leather Double Sole			
Red and White Blucher Elastic Moonsoon Boots	per pair	Rs.	3 to 10
Do. Do. Calf and kid leather lace, Elastic and open bottom boots	... "	"	6-8 to 14
Do. Do. Patent leather lace and Elastic Shoes	... "	"	5-8

ESSUJEE ADUMJEE,
Tailor and Outfitter,
29, Meadow street, Fort, Bombay.

INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS GUIDE.—Issued on the first of every month, containing TIME and FARE TABLES of RAILWAY, STEAM and DAK COMPANIES, with all information for travelling in India, with COLOURED MAP of INDIA. Annas 4. Annual Subscription Re. 5. Postage free.

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year].

A PERFECT TIMEKEEPER.

RUNS 28 HOURS WITH ONE WINDING.
REGULATES TO A MINUTE A MONTH.
RARELY GETS OUT OF ORDER.
REPAIRS NEVER EXCEED ONE RUPEE.

THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER,
6, Apollo Street.

KEYLESS. Rs. 8-8.

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year].

THE WATCHMAKER, London :—"The Waterbury is guaranteed to give a maximum of results in the keeping at a minimum of cost."

MANCHESTER EXAMINER :—"The Waterbury is a splendid timekeeper."

MANCHESTER COURIER :—"Experience enables us to say that they are admirable timekeepers."

RELIABLE. Rs. 8-8.

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year].

BIRMINGHAM POST :—"Keeps accurate time, and is a good-looking and handy watch."

GLASGOW, HERALD :—"A good timekeeper."

GLASGOW CITIZEN :—"A good timekeeper."

ACCURATE. Rs. 8-8.

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year].

GLASGOW EVENING NEWS :—"I have tested the watch thoroughly, and have nothing but good to say of it."

LEEDS MERCURY :—"The Waterbury Watches keep excellent time."

NORTHERN EVENING EXPRESS :—"A marvel of cheapness, and a good timekeeper."

DURABLE. Rs. 8-8.

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year].

NEWCASTLE CHRONICLE :—"A real timekeeper."

NEWCASTLE LEADER :—"We have tried it alongside a twenty-five pounder, and the one kept as near St. Nicholas as the other. We know no higher praise than this."

THE SHEFFIELD TELEGRAPH :—"Of the timekeepers in vogue, none is more popular than the Waterbury Watch. Never has a better article been produced for the money."

CHEAP. Rs. 8-8.

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year].

The HINDU of the 15th Nov. 1886 says :—"We are indebted to Messrs. Addison and Co., the well-known firm of Madras, for a silver timekeeper of the Waterbury watch. From a perusal of our advertisements it will be seen that several of the English Provincial organs have borne testimony to the merits of the Waterbury Watch. The price is only Rs. 8-8, and it is guaranteed for one year. They look remarkably well, and are very cheap."

The BANGALORE DAILY POST of the 27th Nov. says :—Messrs. Drummond and Co., of South Parade, have been appointed Solo Agents for these watches. Upon what there is just now a great rua. The price, Rs. 8-8, should bring them within the reach of all, and be especially convenient as Xmas presents or prizes.

SIMPLE IN CONSTRUCTION. Rs. 8-8.

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year.]

The BANGALORE SPECTATOR of 27th November says :—Messrs. Drummond and Co., of South Parade, have been appointed Solo Agents here for these very popular watches. How they can be sold for Rs. 8-8 is a mystery. They should be especially recommendable to soldiers or for Christmas gifts or prizes.

The CEYLON OBSERVER (the leading daily paper in Colombo), says :—"We have seen one of these watches, and we must say that it is a wonderfully cheap article, especially as the Waterbury Company undertakes to keep it in repair for a year, except, of course, in cases of accident or ill-usage.

Rs. 8-8.

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year.]

Insure your life by wearing a Waterbury

The Company undertakes to pay the next of kin of any wearer of a Waterbury Watch purchased in India since October 1st, 1886, who may be killed while a passenger by accident on any Indian Railway during 1887, the sum of RUPEES ONE THOUSAND

PARTS INTERCHANGEABLE. Rs. 8-8.

THE WATERBURY

Guaranteed for One Year].

May be obtained from local agents, from SOUNDY & Co., Limited, or at the Office of the Company for India, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

Agents wanted throughout the Country.

Chains in all Patterns for the Waterbury from One to Four Rupees.
Warranted equal in appearance to Gold and Silver ; will not tarnish.

EASILY REPAIRED. Rs. 8 8.

THE WATERBURY

(Guaranteed for One Year.)

GENTLEMEN,—The other day I was shown a watch by Babu Peary Mohun Ghossal, the private clerk of H. B. Hodgetts, Esq., of the O. & R. Railway. He spoke in highest terms about the watch, and said the Waterbury Watch was the best of all the so-called cheap and accurate watches of the day. So I have been persuaded to write you to send me one per return V. P. Post to the following address—

Khoodi Ram Mistry,
E. W. MILLS,
Dhariwal,
February 18, 1887.

MY DEAR SIR,

. . . . . The four Watches we have got here are going very well and give perfect satisfaction. As far as my own is concerned, it has not varied one minute since the third day after I got it. I have been in the watch repairing trade 10 years before coming out here, and I can safely say that I never came across anything so good and at so cheap a price. Please send me two more in good order by V. P. P., and oblige

Yours truly,
JOHN W. LEE.

Rs. 8 8.

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year.]

Unsolicited Testimonials from all part of India received daily.

HANDSOME. *Nov.* 16th, 1886. *Salt Dept., Vepery.*

After more than two years' experience, I have much pleasure in testifying to the worth of the Waterbury Watch. At its price it is a wonderfully good watch, and will, I feel confident, be appreciated by the Madras public, to whom it is now being introduced for the first time.

G. W. FIRTH.

Mr. F. G., Egmore, Madras, writes to us :—"I see you are advertising the Waterbury Watch for sale at the remarkably low rate of Rs. 8-8, and I feel that I must write and tell you what I think of the Waterbury watch. I bought one about a year ago, from a Calcutta Agent, for Rs. 14-0, and I have used it regularly ever since. It is a most accurate timekeeper, and is still as good as new, in appearance as well as working. I have had no trouble of any kind with it, and can recommend it as an excellent timekeeper (to the minute), and a cheap and durable watch. Several friends of mine have also invested in these watches, and they all speak of it as a *pucka* good article."

Rs. 8-8.

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year.]

Convalescent Depôt,
Kasaulie,
Punjab.
3-12-86.

SELDOM GETS OUT OF ORDER. Rs. 8-8.

CALENDAR—JUNE, 1887.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

Full Moon	June	6th,	3h. 29m. a.m.
Last Quarter	,,	13 h,	6h. 26 1m. p.m.
New Moon	,,	21st,	3h. 44'1m. p.m.
First Quarter	,,	28th,	2h. 52·3m. p.m.

Days.	Engagements, &c.	Sun-Rise.	Sun-Set.	High Water.	Low Water.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M. H. M.	H. M. H. M.
Sat. 4	.....	5 24	6 32	10 20m 10 5 4	37m 4 9 a
Sun. 5	Trinity Sunday.	5 24	6 33	11 3m 10 53 a	4 20m 5 0 a
Mon. 6	Bombay Native Dispensary. Meeting, 4.30 p.m. English mail expected per s.s. Malwa.*	5 23	6 33	11 45m 11 38 a	5 2m 5 47 a
Tu. 7	Departure of the English mail per s. s. Assam.	5 23	6 33	—— 0 26 a	5 43m 6 33 a
Wed. 8	Bombay Telephone Co., Meeting, 1 p m. Town Council, 3 p.m.	5 24	6 34	0 21m 1 7 a	6 24m 7 18 a
Thr. 9	Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.	5 24	6 34	1 2m 1 48 a	7 4m 8 3 a
Fri. 10	Small Cause Court Re-open.	5 24	6 34	1 44m 2 30 a	7 43m 8 50 a

* Left Aden at 1 p.m., on Tuesday, 31st May.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Band, B. B. & C. I. Ry. Volunteers, Parel, 5 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Patiala (s), from Calcutta; and Suffolk (barque), Cochin.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Pachumba (s), and Kohinur (s), for Coast and Calcutta; Monkseaton (s), Marseilles and Genoa; Friary (s), Hull; and Pereclis (ship), Madras.

Y. M. C. A. CONCERT.—An enjoyable concert was given in the rooms of the Y. M. C. A., last evening, before a numerous audience.

GAIETY THEATRE.—The members of the Carlton Club gave a creditable amateur dramatic performance in the Gaiety Theatre last evening. The audience was large and appreciative.

MR. GIBSON.—On enquiry at the European General Hospital we learn that the condition of Mr. Gibson, who was mauled by a tiger at Khandesh, is much improved.

MAHARANI ICE COMPANY.—It is expected that the operations in May and June of this year will result in a profit of Rs. 8,000 and not Rs. 800 as stated the other day.

BOMBAY NATIVE DISPENSARY.—Head Branch—the statement for daily average attendance 205; admissions 2,290; prevailing diseases: fevers, lungs and bowel complaints.

ARDASEER HORMUSJEE'S CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total attendance of patients during the month of May 1887 was 2,480 of which 438 were new admissions, the daily average being 80.

N. M. PETIT KHETWADI BRANCH OF THE BOMBAY NATIVE DISPENSARY.—Statement for daily average attendance 237; admissions 2,171; prevailing diseases were fever and diseases of the stomach and bowels.

LOST.—Pitamber Joychund, living at New Hunooman Lane, reports that on the 1st instant his wife dropped a gold bangle, valued Rs. 60, from her wrists somewhere between Mahadeo Bagh and Pydownee.

OBITUARY.—We regret to announce the death of Mr. William James Daniells, Assistant Apothecary f the B. M. D., which took place at his mother's residence in Poona. His remains were buried with the military honours due to his rank.

MR. C. S. NAZIR'S TROUPE.—Another social play, adapted from the "Lady of Lyons," is to be performed at the Gaiety this evening by the members of the above Troupe. The Company is in high favour with the native public, the head of the Parsee Community, Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Bart, and the leading citizens of Bombay having attended the performance last week.

THE B. S. FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—Report of cases prosecuted by the Agents of the above Society during the week ending, 28th instant:—Horses—Emaciated, 1; sores on body, chest and collar, 4; girthgalled, 3; and Pinjrapole, 4. Bullocks—Sore on Pinjrapole, 1; lame, 2; sore neck, 19; tumours on neck, 2; emaciated, 7; screw unbody, 1; overloaded, 3; goading, 10; and sent to hospital, 3—total number of cases 60.

MUSIC AT PAREL.—The band of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteers will play the following programme of music at their Mechanics' Institute, Parel, at 5 p.m.:—

March	Out in the Moonlight
Quadrille	Chain de Fleurs
Overture	Schubert
Valse	Corpsball Tanze
Selection	from Il Pirata
Galop	Immer Fidel

Schoics.
Faust.
Suffi.
Gungel.
Bellini.
Zikoff.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

REPORTED THEFTS.—Bhowla Cassum, living at Nassick Road, reported to the police on Thursday the theft of sundry articles of wearing apparel and cash of the collective value of Rs. 157 from his room on the night previous.—Huneefa, a Mahomedan woman, living in Abdool Rahimon street, reports the theft of gold and silver ornaments and wearing apparel, valued at Rs. 81-8-0, from her room on Thursday last.—Hussainally Sulliman, a dealer in English boots and shoes, living on the second floor of a house in Pakmoda street, reports that his house was broken into, and entered. Two chests of drawers were forced open and several articles of silk and gold embroidered clothing of the collective value of Rs. 745 stolen therefrom.

DIVINE SERVICES.

TRINITY SUNDAY, JUNE 5.

ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion (Choral)—Hymns 163, 160 and 164.
10-30 a.m—Litany with plain Celebration and Sermon by the Rev. F. N. Hill.
4-45 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by the Rev. F. N. Hill.—Hymns 160 and 161.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimitis—Simper.
Anthem—"With Angels and Archangels."—Hopkins.
Daily Matins at 6-45 a.m. and Evensong at 5 p.m.
Thursday, June 9.
7-15 a.m.—Usual Celebration.

INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION, ESPLANADE, FOR HOLY TRINITY CHURCH.

7-45 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion and Sermon.—Hymns 166, 161 and 321.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 160, 206 and 275.
The offertories for church expenses and poor relief.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, COLABA.

7 a.m.—Matins and Sermon.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer, Sermon and Holy Communion.—Hymns 33, 521 and 394.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 255, 144 and 257.
Wednesday, June 8.
6 p.m.—Prayer Meeting.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, KAMATIPURA.

7 a.m.—Holy Communion.
4-45 p.m.—Sunday School.
6-30 p.m.—Evening Service.—Hymns 160, 161 and 163.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

11 a.m.—Morning Service, Celebration of the Holy Communion and Sermon.—Hymns 160, 162 and 323.
6 p.m.—Evening Service and Sermon.—Hymns 161, 163 and 17.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

9 a.m.—B. B. and C. I. Railway Institute, Parell.
6 p.m.—St. Andrew's Church, Fort.
Hymns 128, 1st tune; 149, 2nd tune; and 291, 1st tune.
Anthem—"My God look upon me"—page 177 of Old Book.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH, PAREL.

7 a.m.—Holy Communion.
7-30 a.m.—Matins and Sermon.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

WESLEYAN METHODIST SERVICES.
Colaba Causeway.

7 a m. and 6 p.m.—Continuance of opening Services, Rev. G. W. Clutterbuck.
4 p.m.—Sunday School.
8-30 p.m.—Special Service.
Parel Road, Byculla.
9 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Mr. J. J. Staples.
4 p.m.—Sunday School.
Cordial invitation to all.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

Service will be held on board the s s. City of Venice in the Prince's Dock on Sunday morning at eleven o'clock. Captains, officers, engineers, seamen and others are cordially invited. The Bethel flag will be hoisted. Come and bring your friends.

MUNICIPAL PROSECUTIONS.

At the Fort Police Court, yesterday, Mr. Crawley-Boevey gave two decisions of some public interest in Municipal cases, in both of which he discharged the accused on the ground that they had not broken the Municipal provisions under which they were charged. In the first of these cases one Hajee Soomar was charged with building privies in contravention of section 182 of the Municipal Acts. In delivering his judgment Mr. Crawley-Boevey said:—

This is an application by the Municipal Commissioner under section 182 of the Bombay Municipal Acts, seeking to inflict on Hajee Soomar, the owner of a house in Bapty Road, a penalty for rebuilding a privy which has been ordered by the Commissioner to be demolished, and not to be made; and also for constructing new privies without the consent of the Municipal Commissioner. The points for decision are (1) whether the privies in question have been constructed contrary to the directions and regulations of the Commissioner, or contrary to the by-laws or provisions of this Act. (2) Whether the defendant has, without the consent of the Commissioner, constructed a new drain or privy. (3) Whether he has constructed or rebuilt a privy, which has been ordered by the Commissioner to be demolished or stopped up. I am satisfied upon the evidence that the privy had been, to all intents and purposes, completed before the Commissioner's notice, dated 25th January 1887, was issued. This fact is, I think, clear both from the form of the notice and from the evidence of Ragunath Makoond who was the engineer employed by the defendant. It seems to me that this point is of essential importance in connection with the present proceedings; for, if the privy was really constructed before the present proceedings were started, it cannot apparently be contended that this privy has been constructed contrary to the directions and regulations of the Commissioner, or contrary to the by-laws or provisions of the Act. No directions or regulations regarding this privy appear to have been given by the Commissioner before the issue of the notice, dated 25th January 1887, when the privy was complete. It seems, therefore, impossible to hold that any directions or regulations were infringed by the building or rebuilding of an old privy before the receipt of the Commissioner's notice. There is so far, as I am aware, no by-law or provision of the Act which prohibits the rebuilding of an old privy, when no notice is received from the Municipal Commissioner. As regards the second point, it has to be observed that the privy is admittedly an old privy, which, in the absence of a notice, the defendant seems to have had a clear right to rebuild. As regards the third point, it is clear from what has been already stated that the old privy had been rebuilt before the Commissioner's orders to demolish it, dated 26th February 1887, were received. Under these circumstances I do not see how the defendant can be fairly charged with disobeying lawful orders. As regards the new and additional privies which the defendant is charged with constructing without the Commissioner's consent, I observe that no notice or prohibition of any kind appears to have been received by the defendant, until the plan was returned with the Commissioner's red ink endorsement, dated 26th February 1887. At that date the two new privies on the upper storey of the house were almost complete. Mr. Brown has argued for the defendant that no permission is required to add a storey to a building, and that the new privies constructed are in effect a portion of the storey which every one has a right to construct at his own discretion. I do not think that this contention is sustainable in face of the distinct provision of section 182 which declares *inter alia* that if any person, without the consent of the Commissioner, construct any new drain or privy, he has to be liable to a penalty. It is quite clear that the new privies had been constructed without the Commissioner's consent, and on the facts as they stand, the defendant appears to be technically liable to the penalty laid down in section 182. But before I can properly enforce by primitive sanction, the orders of the Municipal Commissioner, I must be satisfied that there has been a wilful neglect or disobedience of reasonable orders. Now the orders which the defendant is charged with disobeying were drafted by Mr. Pundlik Ganesh and are to the following effect:—

"4. No new privies can be allowed to be erected on the gully as proposed. A new site for the privy (sic) should be selected, and the plan showing the same submitted for approval." Mr. Pundlik Ganesh stated that the Commissioner had never personally visited the premises, and had no information, except the plan and other papers already put in. He further stated that in his opinion the privies ought all to have been constructed within the house, one over the other in a straight line. In order to give effect to Mr. Poondlik Ganesh's views it would have been necessary to pull down a large portion of the house, and to construct a chowk for ventilation. I do not consider that section 182 of the Municipal Act can reasonably be interpreted to carry powers like this. Nor do I think that the Municipal Commissioner has been properly informed regarding the real facts of this case. At Mr. Buckland's special request, I have personally visited and inspected the premises which are the subject of these proceedings, and I am clearly of opinion that the new privies are placed in the only position which they possibly could occupy without pulling down the house. If the Municipal Commissioner was of opinion that there were sanitary objections to the reconstruction of the old privy, and to the construction of the new privies on the upper storey of the house, I think that he would have done well to consult the Health Officer before giving Mr. Poondlik Ganesh the very free rein which he has enjoyed in this case. I am not satisfied that there are any satisfactory or other reasonable objections to the construction of the three privies which are the subject of these proceedings; and under the circumstances, I decline to enforce any punitive measure, and I discharge the accused.

The Magistrate gave the following judgment in the second case:—

This was an application by the Municipal Commissioner under section 185 of the Bombay Municipal Act seeking to inflict on Noor Mahomed Hajee Soomar a penalty "for not having complied with Notice No. 99 of 14th Feburary 1887 to remove the encroachment of the gallery built over the gully of house No. 21-25 without the Municipal Commissioner's permission." The points for decision are (1) Is the open space, which is said to have been built over a house gully or not; and therefore under the Commissioner's control by section 185? (2) Is the so-called "gallery" an "encroachment," within the meaning of section 185? (3) Has the Health Officer been consulted before ordering the "gallery" to be removed as an encroachment on the gully. Mr. Brown for the defendant has strongly urged that the open space between the houses styled in the map a "passage" and "over which the so-called" "gallery" has been built is not a house gully at all, that usually is a water course over which surface water flows, that no surface water flows down this passage at all that not being a house gully it is not under the Commissioner's control, and that no proceedings under section 185 will be for an alleged encroachment. Having visited and inspected the place, I am bound to record my opinion that on this head Mr. Brown's contention is not sustainable. The term "House gully" is not defined in the Municipal Act. But accepting for the present purpose Mr. Brown's definition as sufficiently accurate for all practical purposes, I am clearly of opinion that the passage shown in the plan is a house gully and properly under the Commissioner's control. When I visited the passage on May 13, surface water was flowing freely down it and it presented all the appearance of an ordinary water course. But while I cannot sustain Mr. Brown's contintion on this point, I feel considerable difficulty as to the second point whether the so-called "gallery" is an "encroachment" within the meaning of sectio 185. The facts about this gallery appear to be these. There has been for many years past a connection on foot passage between the house and an old privy on the first storey. This connection or foot passage is called by the Municipal Inspector Pestonji, "the old communicating gallery, and it has always over-hang the passage which is now termed the house gully. The allegation in the present proceedings is that the old communicating gallery has been improperly extended and enlarged, and the Municipal Commissioner by his written order of 25th February 1887 has given the following instruction:—"5. No overhanging gallery can be allowed in the said gully." But having personally visited the place, and having carefully considered the evidence, I can not help thinking that the Commissioner has not been correctly or fully informed as to the real facts of the case. For many years past an overhanging gallery has been allowed in the gully and the only real change that has taken place is that the new and existing gallery is rather wider and longer than the old gallery. It is clear from the Municipal Commissioner's instructions that he is under the impression that the present gallery is a new encroachment on the gully. It is in reality nothing of the kind; and I feel very great doubt whether the mere enlarging by a few inches in width and a foot or two in length of the gallery constitutes such an encroachment on the gully as to render the defendant liable to a fine under section 185. The punitive provisions of section 185 appear to have been enacted for sanitary reasons only, and before the defendant can properly be convicted, it will have, I think, to be shown that the Commissioner has consulted the Health Officer before deciding that no gallery could be allowed. No evidence on this point was put in on behalf of the Commissioner, and Mr. Pundlik Ganesh stated in his evidence of 27th May that he had not consulted the Health Officer, and that he did not consider it necessary to do so. It appears, however, that the Health Officer was consulted by the Municipal Commissioner on the subject of an alleged "trespass and public nuisance" committed by the defendant in this case in respect of the so-called gallery and new privies. In reply to this reference the Health Officer wrote "In this case a gallery is being erected over a passage. It is for the Engineer's Department to take action in such cases." Not a word is said in the reply about the alleged nusance or about any sanitary objection to the alleged encroachment of the gallery. Yet on the 26th February, Mr. Poondlik Ganesh drafted for the Municipal Commissioner's signature the following instruction in red ink:—"5. No overhanging gallery can be allowed on the said gully." It is clear to me that this order was drafted by Mr. Poondlik Ganesh and signed by the Commissioner without consulting the Health Officer regarding the sanitary necessity of removing the alleged encroachment. Had he been consulted on the subject, the fact would at once have been elicited that the alleged encroachment on the gully was really a very old one; and if no sanitary reason had yet existed for removing the old gallery, it was very doubtful whether any sufficient sanitary reason could be shown for removing the new gallery which was merely a very moderate extension and enlargement of the old gallery. For the reasons assigned, I hold that the provisions of section 185 of the Municipal Actings have not been complied with by the Municipal authorities; and I entertain very great doubt whether under the circumstances shown, there has been any encroachment on the gully within the meaning of section 185. Under the circumstances show, I decline to inflict any penalty, and I discharge the defendant.

THE CYCLONE IN THE BAY OF BENGAL.

LATER information shows that the recent cyclone in the Bay of Bengal was one of the most terrible visitations that have been experienced in recent years. Our Calcutta correspondent telegraphs that all hope of the safety of the s. s. Sir John Lawrence and the tug boat Retriever has been given up; and it is probable that we shall soon hear of other disasters. The following statement have been made by Abdul Latif, who is believed to be the sole survivor of the Retriever, before Captain Stiffe, the Calcutta Port Officer. The statement is substantially the same as that which we reproduced from the *Englishman* three days ago, but it supplies some details which make the circumstances of the disaster more clear than they at first appeared to be:—

I am an agwalla on Rs. 16 per month. We left Calcutta at 4 a.m., and dropped down to Matiabrooj, took a ship in tow, and left at 7, went to Kulpie, and stayed the night, left at 6 in the morning, and got as far as Saugor and anchored, then left at 7 next morning. There was not much wind, and we went out. At 12 the wind became stronger, and at 2 there was very much wind. We let go the ship, and hauled in our hausers, which we did by steam. We let go outside the light-vessel. The ship set some sail and took some in on account of the wind. She had some sail set when we were towing. Then we turned round towards Saugor to go in again. I was in the engine-room, and in the stokehole. We came up and down from the deck to see the wind and ship being let go. Then the wind increased, and we turned round to go out again and went out. I cannot say how long. I could not see anything, it was quite thick. We turned round to go in again after about half an hour. The ship was rolling much, and the water coming in on deck. The hatches were all put on and covered with canvas. Two boats were washed away. The water was seen coming into the engine-room from aft. I do not know wherefrom. The ship was rolling, so we could not stoke properly, and we could not keep steam, and the engines went slowly. Water was coming over the ship in all directions, and no one could move about. I heard them say that the canvas was washed off the hatches. As the water increased I left the stokehole and went up to the gratings in the engine-room. I went through fear the ship would sink, and to see the waves. The water in the stokehole was then over my knees; the fires were still burning. Our larger pump was lost in the *Kincardineshire*; the other pumps were working well, but the water was getting worse. The engine skylights were broken by the seas. The waves came through the skylights on to me and knocked me down, and then I found myself in the sea, and after a time I got a piece of plank. Before the wheel in the engine-room, grating I saw the mate come out of the engine-room, where he had been speaking to the engineer who was below the grating. I heard the captain's voice speaking to the mate. I also heard the *kalassees* say one funnel was broken. When I got into the room gratings I saw the clock, it was past 12. After I got in the sea I did not see the ship again. The skylight is about six feet above the gratings. I do not know how I was washed overboard.

The following additional information of the effects of the cyclone is given is the Calcutta paper:—

Captain Roberts, was towed up on Tuesday morning by the steam tug Electric, and is lying off Hastings' moorings. The Godiva is a vessel of 1,999 tons, and had left port on Monday, in tow of the ill-fated Retriever, for Liverpool, with a full cargo. While being cast off by the Retriever the storm commenced, and the Godiva was anchored about five miles west of the Eastern Gut Lightship and lay there for a time, as it was not considered advisable to proceed to sea. This was done on 100 fathoms of chain. The storm increased greatly in violence, there being a very heavy sea, accompanied with fearful gusts of wind and rain. At 5 p.m of the 27th the ship was dragging her anchors, and it was decided to set the foretopsail at the first flood and make for Saugor. This was done at 11 p.m. of the same day. The following morning, the tug having shifted, vessel was brought to the Lower Gasper, where she anchored on 75 fathoms of chin. While here she was signalled by the P. and O. steamer Nepaul, but in consequence of her having lost all the signals during the cyclone, she could not reply. The cyclone appeared to have been at its full fury at midnight of Thursday, and the Godiva at one time was in her (the Nepaul's) command. The officers, and the crew had a desperate struggle, but no loss of life, we are glad to say, has been reported. The pilot, Mr. Wawn, was also on board, and no effort appears to have been spared on the part of everybody on board to keep the vessel afloat. The damage done to the ship has been considerable. The captain was able to save only two chronometers. His log book, papers, clothes, &c., have all been lost. The cabins have been gutted, and the contents washed overboard. The bridge, all the sails, including the main upper topsail and the sling of the lower topsail, have been carried away. The main poop, the utensils in the galleys, the companion, a portion of the skylights, the wheel, and the wheel box have been lost and carried away. The signal chest and its contents, together with the life boats and the boatswain's lockers, have also been washed overboard. On the deck, the mainstay and the windlass have been shifted badly. In consequence of the cargo having shifted the vessel is lying on one side at her moorings, and after a portion of the cargo has been removed she will be righted. Looking at the vessel she appears to have had a fearful time of it in the cyclone, which, according to the statements of the officers, was of unusual severity, the mountainous seas threatening at one time to swallow the vessel.

The tug steamer Electric, which bought the Godiva to harbour reports that while at anchor off Saugor on Wednesday morning, the 25th, it was blowing very hard, and she saw the tug steamer Retriever towing the Godiva at 7 a.m., to sea. There was every indication of a cyclone, and the barometer was falling very rapidly. Captain Heath, the commander of the Electric, thought it advisable to take in all the awnings and go to Bedford's Channel, Black Point, for safety, and there anchored. The barometer was still falling, there being a heavy sea, rain, and gusts of wind. At 3-30 p.m., considering the bad state of the weather, Captain Heath decided to weigh anchor and proceed to Calcutta, and anchored there at 6-45, in five-and-a-half fathoms of water. The vessel was battened down carefully, and anchored at 90 fathoms of chain. Fearful gusts of wind, accompanied with rain and a heavy swell, followed, the barometer being 29·85deg. At 11-30 a.m., of the 26th it was blowing very hard from north-east to south-east. A second anchor was let go. At 12-0 a.m., the wind moderated to a gentle breeze, suddenly raising in strength. There was a full for an hour-and-a-half, after which the wind blew from south-east and developed into a gale, the sea being very heavy and confused. The barometer fell to 29·14deg. The gale continued till about 5 a.m., when the barometer remained steady. The second anchor was heaved, and at 7 a.m., the vessel proceeded up, seeing the bank at times. There was heavy rain and squalls at times. The vessel never caught the ebb from 7 p.m., of the 25th. She lay wind bound, head to wind, all the time. There was a terrible rise of water. The banks were under water along the Belary and Huldia. The Electric returned to Calcutta on the 26th. On the 28th she towed the B. S. Mauleoden to sea, and discovered the Godiva at the Lower Gasper Light at anchor. After casting off the Mauleoden, the Electric went to the Godiva, and arranged to tow her to Calcutta for Rs. 5,000. The Godiva was towed on Monday, and brought to Achipur at 7 p.m., where she anchore, the Electric also anchoring close by. Yesterday morning she was towed up, and anchored of Hastings' moorings.

Captain Spence left Calcutta at 5 a.m., of the 25th for Chandbally and reached Mud Point at 10-30. Having observed the storm squall at 11-30, the Tyrone turned round and anchored at Kedgeree is 7½ fathoms of water. At noon there were fresh north-east winds, passing clouds, and cloudy weather, Bar. 29·60. At 1 p.m. the s.s. Sir John Lawence passed alongside the s.s. Tyrone. At 4 p.m. the storm commenced. Bar. 29·49. The starboard anchor was let go, and the engines were worked as required the whole of the night. The storm increased to a gale from the east north-east. Bar. 29·36. On Thursday at 1 a.m. there were heavy rain and a squall from the east-south-east. Bar. 29·30. At 4 a.m. it commenced to blow a gale from the east-north-east, Bar. 29·36. At 6 a.m. the gale moderated. Bar. 29·30. At 8 a.m., the wind shifted to the southward, and there was a heavy sea. Bar. 29·35. At 9 a.m., it increased to a gale from the southward Bar. 29·42. At noon there were passing squalls from the southward. Bar. 29·45. At 4 p.m. there were strong southerly winds and cloudy weather Bar. 29·50. At 8 p. m. the breeze moderated. Bar. 29·56. At midnight there were southerly winds and fair weather. Bar. 29·60. On Friday, the 27th of May, there were fresh southerly winds. Bar. 29·55. The Tyrone put on steam. 4-30, heaved anchor, and proceeded to Chandbally at 5-30 a.m. At noon she experienced strong southerly winds and cloudy weather. At 5-10 the following morning, she sighted Short's Island. At 5-30 she passed the G Buoy and proceed to the Dumra river. At 8-30 she anchored above the Dumra river, and saw the s. s. Bassein at anchor there. The Tyrone then proceeded to Chandbally where she landed her passengers, numbering 895, at 10-30. The following morning (Saturday) at 5, she left Chandbally, and she reached Calcutta on Sunday at 6-45, with 240 passengers and 1,020 bags of rice. Beyond wreckage of country boats, the Tyrone did not observe anything belonging to sea-going vessels on her passage to Calcutta.

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NEWS FROM THE FRONTIER.

THE last trustworthy news which has reached us from Ghazni concerning the Ghilzai revolt, describes the state of things as still unaltered. Up to the date when the messenger left, the northern Ghilzais had not joined the tribal coalition; but, on the other hand, the rumour that the southern Duranis had risen to assist the Amir against the rebel Ghilzais, has not been confirmed. The general popular feeling, indeed, incited by the mullahs, whom the Amir appears to have irretrievably offended, continues strong against him. He is popularly believed, moreover, in southern Afghanistan, to have a secret understanding with the Russians, because they allege that he still continues to send treasure and valuables to Badakshan, which is threatened both by the Russian Commander on that border, and by his own Afghan enemies. Russian emissaries, Turcomans, are moreover, alleged to have been well received by him at Kabul. Without attaching too much importance to this popular belief, our readers will observe that there is a strange coincidence, even in detail, between the foregoing rumours from Ghazni, and the information which we have previously received and published from Badakshan itself. The denial, too, of the *St. Petersburg Gazette*, that Russia was advancing on Badakshan shows that very similar stories must also be current in Europe.

But perhaps the most noteworthy of the Afghan rumours last received is one to the effect that Dhulip Singh is to be employed by the Russians in stirring up the Kashmir border, as he has sympathisers in the Jummoo State, as well as in the Punjab. We had previously received information, which we did not think it desirable to publish, that Dhulip Singh was in communication with certain native chiefs in the Punjab: and also, but from native sources only, that emissaries from Kashmir, with letters for Dhulip Singh, had passed through Badakshan into Russian territory. Again, without attaching too much importance to such rumours, we would point to the coincidence of such similar information reaching us simultaneously from three different quarters.—*Civil and Military Gazette.*

MADRAS.

REMOVAL OF MEDICAL HEAD-QUARTERS.—In accordance with the recommendation of the Surgeon-General, Government have sanctioned the removal of the head-quarters of the District Medical and Sanitary officer of North Arcot and of his assistant, from Chittoor to Vellore, and, as a consequence, the transfer of the Civil Surgeon from Nellore to Chittoor. The change has been sanctioned owing to the greater importance and more central position of Vellore, whence the work of inspection and supervision can, as regards time and convenience, be more effectively and economically performed, whilst at the same time no extra expense of any kind is involved.—*Times.*

A CURE RAPIDLY BECOMING EXTINCT:—We are glad to learn that a Medical Board which assembled on Friday last has recommended Dr. Moideen Sheriff Khan Bhahadur, in charge of the Triplicane Dispensary, for a further extension of service of two years. He is past 60 years of age, but it has been pointed out that his retention in the service would in no way interfere with the promotion of those in the Warrant Branch of the Subordinate Medical Service, as he belongs to the now almost extinct class of Native Surgeons. We may remark that Dr. Moideen Sheriff has on hand an important work on Indian drugs which he wishes to pass through the press before retiring, and which promises to be a standard work on the subject. Dr. Moideen Sheriff is regarded as no mean authority on Indian drugs, and is well known on the Continent.—*Ibid.*

THE COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING.—The annual distribution of prizes and certificates to the successful students of the Madras College of Engineering took place on Tuesday evening at Chepauk, when from the report read it was shown that the average numbers on the rolls of the institution have been—Engineer Classes 16, Engineer Subordinate Classes 63, Draftsmen's Classes 50, Surveyor's Classes 37, total 166. The average of the previous year was 175. There was a slight falling off in each division, except in the Engineer Subordinate Class. This may be attributed to the enhanced fees, to the increased lengths of the courses, and, perhaps, to the difficulty in obtaining employment on leaving the College. The numbers arranged by classes of the community were on 31st March last as follows:—European and Eurasians 24, Brahmans 79, Hindus other than Brahmans 63, Native Christians 12, Mussulmans 2, others 4.

MUNICIPAL MORTUARY REGISTER.—From the 21st to the 27th ultimo, 1 European, 4 East Indians, 12 Native Christians, 176 Hindus, and 45 Mahomedans died in Madras, making a total of 238 persons. The average of the corresponding week for the ten previous years was 272. The deaths are thus classified: 78 from fever, 32 from dysentery, 18 from diarrhœa, and 110 from other diseases. The death-rate in the week under notice was 31·9 per 1,000 per annum. The mean of the ten previous years was 35·5 per 1,000 per annum.

A COACHMAN'S BREACH OF PROMISE.—A young native girl sued a coachman in the service of Captain Sherwood (Army Schoolmaster) at Bangalore, for breach of promise of marriage, and for spreading a report that injured her reputation. The defendant pleaded guilty, but said that he was not the first to spread the report, and that on comparing horoscopes he found that the match was ill suited. He was fined Rs. 5 for not giving notice and not examining the horoscopes before at the proper time.—*Spectator.*

ARRIVAL OF THE BISHOP OF MELIAPUR.—The Royapuram terminus of the Madras Railway presented an animated appearance on Tuesday evening, on the occasion of the arrival in Madras of the newly appointed Bishop of Meliapur. For the past eighty-seven years there has been no Bishop at Meliapur, the work being carried on under the direction of a Vicar-General. Under the new arrangement, by which a Roman Catholic Hierachy was established in India, in January last, and in accordance with the terms of the Concordat entered into between the Pope and the King of Portugal, the Right Rev. Dr. Don Henrique Jose Reed da Silva, of Portugal, was appointed to fill the long standing vacancy at Meliapur. The station platform was crowded, a large number of Padroadists being present. Among the crowd there were several Protestant clergymen, but no Roman priests. For the past few days a number of workmen have been engaged in decorating the station, and the route along which the Bishop was to pass on his way from the station to Meliapur was decked with banners and arches. The station premises looked very pretty, the walls being decorated with palms, foliage and fruits. A small pandal was erected opposite the place where it was arranged that the Bishop should alight, and at one end of this pandal a portrait of the present Pope, Leo XIII. was conspicuously placed. Just outside the station there was a pretty triumphal arch, which bore the words "Long live our Bishop" on its face. Two bands were in attendance on the platform, viz, the band of the 9th Regiment M.I., and a band of Tanjore musicians. Fifteen detonators were fired as the train steamed into the station yard, and considerable excitement and enthusiasm prevailed among the crowds who had assembled to do homage to their new Prelate. When the train came to a standstill the people clapped their hands and cheered, and after a few minutes' delay, the door of the saloon carriage was opened and the Bishop alighted, together with his Secretary and suite, the latter consisting of five European Portuguese priests and two Goanese priests. His Lordship was received by the Very Rev.-Father Gonsalves, the Vicar-General of Meliapur, and a deputation of priests and an address of welcome was presented to him.

N.-W. PROVINCES, OUDH AND PUNJAB.

THE BENARES BHISTIS ON STRIKE.—Of the few events that have tended to break the monotony of Benares (writes the correspondent of the Allahabad paper) are the strike amongst the *bhistis* and robberies. Of the latter one was quite original in its conception and execution; but of this more particulars anon. The contractor who had undertaken to supply the necessary water for the roads was lately rather heavily fined for remissness. Native-like, he sought to recoup himself at the expense of the bhistis employed by him. But the latter rather than suffer at the hands of their contractor struck work. Fortunately our roads have been none the worse for the strike for a good shower of rain fell throughout Friday night and a greater portion of Saturday which has done more to settle the dust than the united efforts of our energetic Municipality and their corps of bhistis. But the advent of the rains and the attendant dark nights has much facilitated robberies. The first victim to the natural visitors was Baboo Bakeshwar Prasad, the Personal Assistant to the Commissioner. The thieves gained access to his house from one of the back doors and carried away Rs. 244 in cash, besides a quantity of clothes and papers: in all about Rs. 700 in value. This was on Friday night. The following night the house of a banker, living in the Cantonment, Messrs. Gubbay & Co., was entered. The entry was effected by an opening being made in the other wall. The year before last an opening was made in this same identical spot. Considering that the wall through which the thieves gained an entrance is on the Mallit is a wonder that they have on this second occasion been again successful; but in this instance only Rs. 60 and a gold ring were taken away, the timely barking of the banker's dogs preventing a greater haul being made.

CEYLON.

THE GOVERNOR ON THE JUBILEE CELEBRATION IN ENGLAND.—H. E. the Governor, it is now generally understood, will leave for London as soon as Sir Cecil C. Smith returns from his short leave, and it is asserted in some quarters that in all probability he will not return to the island. Sir Cecil will be back here by the beginning of July, and, if Sir Arthur went then, he could only remain away three months, for Council must be opened early in October, unless of course he is not to return at all. In any case his term of service here is drawing to an end, and the thoughts of many will be directed towards the coming man. We should think Sir Henry Irving had as good a chance for the post as anybody. His term as Governor of New Guiana will expire very shortly, and he is believed to be wishful to return to this island, where he served so many years as Colonial Secretary.—*Times of Ceylon.*

HOW THE PEARL FISHERY MONEY IS TO BE SPENT.—We hear a rumour that the Government intends to apply the money obtained by this year's Pearl Fishery to public works in the Northern Province, and that at least Rs. 200,000 will be spent as an instalment upon the restoration of the Giant's Tank. How far this may be true we do not know, but it is not so improbable in itself that we should refuse it credence. The Northern Province might justly have a little more money spent upon it, for the energy of the inhabitants of the Province would make a well-considered scheme of irrigation reproductive in the highest sense of the word, and there would be less opposition to expenditure on irrigation in this Province than in any other.—*Ibid.*

IMPENDING CHANGES IN RUSSIA.

THE opinion prevails that Russia is on the eve of a radical change in her system of Government. Two things have contributed to ripen the views of the Czar. First, the very important fact of General Orsheffski, the recently removed chief of the entire Russian gendarmery, having presented the famous memorandum to his Majesty. As I telegraphed to you on the 26th April the memorandum declares that the state of affairs in Russia is such that an outburst must be considered inevitable unless the system of Government be radically altered. This step on the part of General Orsheffski is really a revolutionary one.

The proceedings in the recent trial of the fifteen terrorists have further contributed to awaken the attention of the honest and kind hearted Czar. It has been proved, and the shorthand reports have made it evident, that the brutality of the authorities first exasperated the young people and drove them to crime. In December, 1886, the students wished to celebrate a requiem at the tomb of the well known Liberal publicist Dobrolionboff, but the Minister of the Interior forbade it. Some troubles occurred, and the police soldiers, and Cossacks behaved with great brutality. The following day the students assembled, and resolved to commence campaign against the Government. In January this year it was determined that the Czar should be assassinated. It is not correct to assert that the Russian revolutionists have no programme. Their demands are really not exorbitant. They claim liberty of the Press, liberty of meeting, and liberty of conscience.

A few of the fifteen persons condemned to death have solicited the Imperial mercy—viz, those in whose cases it was recomended by the Court that the sentence should be changed into exile to Siberia. Most of the rest have refused to take any step in that direction, and only express a hope that no mercy will be shown them. It is not difficult to understand their feeling, seeing the hardships that await them if their sentences are to be changed into "hard labour." They are, in point of fact, in small cells, without being permitted and labour at all; no book, no pen, no paper. In a couple of years the unhappy victims of this punishment usually become scorbaute and often insane. It happened recently at Schlusselburg that a political criminal who had been already confined there several years resolved to put an end to his misery. He first tried to commit suicide, but was prevented. He then declared himself ill, and the physician of the prison paid him a visit. He at once killed the physician, with the sole object of being sentenced to

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 3.

THE Bank of England return for the week shows a decline in the proportion of Reserve to Liabilities from 48 to 46 per cent., but money is nevertheless sufficiently easy and Consols come ⅛ higher at 102¼. Bar Silver in London has advanced 3-16 to 43 15-16d. per oz., and 4 per cent. Rupee Paper is ⅛ higher at 69¾.

In the Mincing Lane markets, Linseed yesterday was firm and 3d. per quarter dearer for Calcutta kinds, Rapeseed was also firm with an advance of 6d. Quotations for Wheat come unaltered.

The Liverpool Cotton market yesterday closed firm with sales of 10,000 bales including 800 Surats. Spot prices were all unchanged, but American to arrive was 3-64d. to 1-32d. higher. From New York ready Mid-Uplands comes unchanged at 11 7-16 cents., August futures being 9, September 6 points higher. The Receipts at the U. S. ports to date give the following comparisons with previous seasons :—

	1887	1886	1885
Thursday's Receipts	4,000	5,800	300
Six days' do.	7,000	20,200	2,400
Total since 1st Sept ...	5,181,000	5,197,300	4,678,100

The public advices from Liverpool appear to exercise very little effect on our local market, which remains exceedingly dull nothwithstanding the firmness said to prevail on the other side. As regards prices we are steady and unchanged, but shippers are buying most sparingly. The local mills have bought 2,000 bales to-day of which 1,000 bales were Ginned Pachums at Rs. 180 to Rs. 182 ; 500 bales Dholia at Rs. 195 ; 200 bales Julgaum at Rs. 187 and 200 bales Veravul at Rs. 168 to Rs. 170 per candy. The following are official quotations :—

	Fine	F.G.	Good.	F.G.F.	Dely.
Bengals	161	146	141	...	June 20
Karanja	...	..	203	195	
Akola	...	...	198	190	
Sheagaum	...	...	198	190	all noml
Khamgaum	...	...	199	191	
Julgaum	...	192	187	180	
Khandesh (generally) ...	...	...	187	180	
Bhownugger .....nl.	220	203	194	185	June 20
Dholleys 1 up c.					
Wadhwan } pressed	220	203	194	185	do.
Do. B'bay pressed ...nl.	217	200	189	177	do.
Sawgd. Dharwar	...	...	203-4	...	do.
Westerns	...	...	190	...	June 25

WHEAT is quiet and in some cases a quarter to a half-anna per cwt. lower. The demand both ready and forward is less active, but sellers have not yet had to decide whether they will hold over the setting in of the rains or sell at best obtainable rates. When that alternative confronts them they may be prepared to accept some concession, but so far they show great tenacity in maintaining their prices. We quote :—

Fine Pessy	Rs. 4-10, 4-10-3	per cwt.
No 1 do.	„ 4-9-6	„
No 1 Club Delhi	„ 4-7	„
Hard Yellow, 63 p.c. ...	„ 4-9	„
Red Ahmedabad	„ 4-8	„
Hard Red, F.A.	„ 4-3	„

SEEDS.—Linseed is easier by ¼ anna per cwt., shippers having apparently covered their wants for the time being. Rapeseed is dearer, Yellow Guzerat having advanced Rs. 5-14 to Rs. 5-15, Red Cawnpore Rs. 5-9 to Rs. 5-10 per cwt.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton	8,740 bales.
Wheat	139,238 cwts.
Linseed	9,222 „
Rapeseed	4,337 „
Gingelly	3,975 „

FREIGHTS.—We hear of some engagements for this month's loading for Dunkirk at £1-3-9 per ton, but as a rule for anything beyond prompt shipment shippers decline to pay more than £1-2-6 per ton.

EXCHANGE.—The advance in Silver and the fact of 2 lakhs more Government Transfers having been taken up in London yesterday on Bombay at Is. 4 29-32d. has served to check the tendency towards lower rates, which was apparent yesterday afternoon, and we have been quiet but steady at unchanged quotations. Future delivery is also unchanged.

Bank Bills on demand ...	Is. 4 27-32d. per rupee
Do. Telegraphic	Is. 4 13-16d. 27-32 „
Do. 3 months' sight ...	Is. 4¼d. „
Credits 3 months' sight...	Is. 5 „
Francs 3 months' sight...	1-79½ to ½

GOVERNMENT PAPER is steady and rather dearer at Rs. 97 13-16 for 4 and Rs. 102½ per 4½ per cent.

SHARES we call practically unaltered in every particular. Mills, if anything, may be termed quieter owing to dearer cotton and weaker advices from China, but no actual alteration is quoted.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
INDIAN BANK.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay ...	20,000	500	all	ct.	771½
Bank of Bengal ...	42,000	500	all	10 do.	760
Bank of Madras ...	10,000	500	all	5 do.	615
EXCHANGE BANK.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	40	4	6 do.	125
Hong. and Shang. H. Corporation ...	80,000	$125	all	17½ do.	252
National Bank of India	37,38	250		5 pct.	105xd.

INSURANCE COMPANIES

Bombay Fire Insurance Co	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	875
Empire Fire Insurance Co	200	5,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1,025
Indian Fire Insurance Co	110	4,00	1,000	Rs. 90	1,000
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance Co.....	950	8,	1,000	Rs. 190	1,725

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown & Co Ltd.	{ 1,000 / 75 }	200	200	} 10	170
Badhan, Pile & Co. Ltd.	4,000	100	100	6 p.c.	135
Bapty Co., Ld.	315	200	165	nil.	85
Barton & Co., Ld.	200	00	100	Rs. 20	
Do. New issue ...	500		37	10-2-3p.c.	{ 12
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld. ..		500	100	2-3p.	100nl.
Bombay Flour Mills Co.	500	500	500	11 p.c.	475
Bombay Saw Mills ..	600	1,000	1,000	15 p.c.	230
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1,250	100	100	Rs. 5	108
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	1,500	7 p.c.	2725
Do. 3rd Issue....	2,000	62	375	Rs. 5	380
Bombay Municipal Bonds				3½	101
Cash Bazaar	1,500	100	100	..	14 NC
Clydesdale Dyeing Co	1,000	500	500	..	500
Cooper, Madon & Co., Ld.	3,000	100	100	Rs. 10	70
Geyer & Co., Ld. ..	500	10	40	...	45
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association	5,000	100	10	Rs. 15	10½
Kaiser-i-Hind Coal Mining Co., Limited	42,000	25	25	Rs. 4	10½
Kurrachee Lighterage Co., Ld.	800	256	250	...	250
Kemp & Co. Ld. ...	4,000	200	175	Rs. 26	334
Marcks & Co., Ld. ...	4,000	100	100	16 p.c.	102
Napier Hotel Co. ...	800	100	100	13 p.c.	80
Napier Foundry and M'fg. Co.	1,500	100	100	..	104xd
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company ..	5,000	200	50	Rs. 5	105
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	8 p. s	22xd
Pearse and Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	Rs. 19	45
Port Canning Co. ...	6,000	600	1,000	Rs. 18	320
Phillips & Co., Ld. ...	4,000	100	100	p.c.	101
Soundy & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	..	80
Telephone Co., Ld. ...	19,000	25	25	..	26
Treacher & Co., Ld. ...	5,000	500	500	..	1,295
Thacker & Co., Ld. ..	1,500	100	100	Rs. 15	185
Western India Steam Mill	600	125	100	nil.	65
M. M. Mody & Co ...	900	00	200	11 p.c.	175

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY.

Ahmedabad S. & W Company	1,308	1,000	1000	..	1,375
Albert Edward Cotton Mills Co., Ld. ...	1,000	500	500	Rs. 25	440
Anglo-Indian S. & W. ompany	9,345	100	100	Rs. 5	98
Alfred Manf'g. Co. ..	1,000	500	500	...	340
Allianoe Cotton Manfr. Co., Ld. ...	1,800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	535
Bellary S. & W. Co., Ld.	871	500	all	Rs. 25	570xd
Bo. Cotton Manf'g Co. Ld.	800	500	500	Rs. 20	355
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	835
Berar M'fg. Co., Ld. ..	2,750	200	200	..	155
Central India S. & W. Company	3,000	500	500	Rs. 25	800
New issues	3,000	125	..	Rs. 12.	200
Coimbs Land & Mill Co.	4,000	700	700	Rs. 17½	665
Connaught Mills ...	840	500	500	Rs. 2.	585
Carnac Mills	1,350	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	540
City of Bombay Shares	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	780
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1000
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,500	500	500	Rs. 10	600
Framji Petit Mfg. Co.	1,320	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	600
Gordon Mills	2,000	500	500	..	157
Hindustan Mills ...	1,032	1,000	1,000	830	760
Hingunghat Mill Rd Co	700	500	all	8½ p.c.	720
Hydrabad Spinning Co	700	1,000	50	Rs. 30	630
Imp. Cotton Mills Co.	600	500	500	Rs. 25	470
Indian Manfr Co. Ld.	668	1,000	50	Rs. 8	1,320
James Greaves Mills.	100	500	1,00	Rs. 2	585
Jaffer Ali Spinning Co.	1,342	500	500	Rs. 10	675
Jewraj Bhalioo	1,200	1,000	50	Rs. 5	1035
Khandesh	760	1,00	1,00	Rs. 30	875
Khatau Makanjee ...	1,000	1,000	1,0	Rs. 3	760
Leopold S. Bleaching & Mfg. Co., Ld. ...	2,800	1,000	10	Rs. 5	131
Madras United	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 12	2,000
Mahalukshmi	650	1,000	1,00	..	625
Manockjee Petit's ...	4,000	1,000	1,00	Rs. 75	1180
Managon Spinning Co	5,000	25	25	Rs. 8	1745
Morarjee Goculdas ..	1,150	1,000	1,00	Rs. 70	1,380
Meyhoodbhoy Mills, Gulburga	2,400	100	...	9 p.c.	765
National Spinning	900	1,00	1,00	..	
Naigaum Cotton Mill				..	
Ning Co., Ld.	200	1,00	100	...6	55
Narayan Cotton Mills	97	1,00	1,00		203
New Great Eastern ..	1,500	1,00	1,00	Rs. 25	785
Oriental	3,725	62	625	Rs. 25	695
People of India S. & W Company	..	250	250	Rs. 64	130
Prince of Wale Spinning Company.	900	500	500		72
Queen Spinning	800	1,00	1,00	Rs. 8	825
Ripon	841	1,000	1,0	Rs. 5	780
Sassoon S. & W. Co.	1,80	1 000	00		1,500
Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mill Co., Ld. ..	1,710	500	50	Rs.	350
Shoiapore Mills ...	600	1,00	1,0	Rs 5	1,12 xd
Sconderdas	600	1,00	1,00		650
Southern India	1,000	50	5	Rs. 5	275xd.
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co. Ld. ...	1,212	25	25		230
Victoria Mills	800	1,000	1,00	Rs. 20	450
Western India S. & W. Company	1,87	1,00	1,0	Rs. 0	640
Woollen Yarn Manufacturing Co., Ld.			1,00	Rs. 40	770

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. 5 per cent. Stock	..	4103	..	..	4186
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent. ..	..	4101	..	..	4161

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	20	1,250	1,250	—4	1,075
Allum Ginning Co. ..	10	500	500	Rs.	425
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	10	1,10	1,10	Rs. 00	80
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 2.	230
Bollary	620	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	350
Bull's Cawnpore P. Co., Ld.	1	20	200	Rs. 16	120
Bombay Cotton Press.	100	125	125	Rs. 14	111½
Colaba Press Co. ..	4	1,250	1,25	Rs. 60	550
Dhollera P. & G. Co.	0	30	30	12	105
East India Press Co. .	0	00	1 00	Rs. 15½	1,350
Fort Press Co.	150	8,50	8 00	Rs. 00	1,350
French Press Co.	300	50	50	Rs. 80	605
Harvey & Sabapathy Co., Ld.	45	500	50	Rs. 75	100
Khamgaum Cotton Press Co.	240	150	all	Rs. 45	390
Manmar Manfg. Co. .	1 00	200	20	Rs. 10	235
Morcantile Press ...	1,500	125	12	..	97½
Mofussil Co.	3,000	400	40	Rs. 50	425
New Barsi Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,25	50	50	Rs. 60	565
New Indian Press ..	4,00	12	125	..	111½
Oriso & W. Press ...	600	50	100	Rs. 3	395
Sabapathy Press Co Ld., (Bellary.)	50	50	50	Rs. 7	450
Sind Press Co.	40	2,00	75	Rs. 7	495
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.	10	1,00	1,00	Rs. 12	1300
Sassoon Press Co. ...	30	60	60	4	550
Volkart Press Co. ..	40	1,00	1,00	Rs. 20	600

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Monk seaton, 1,891 tons, Captain J. M. Beazley, cleared yesterday for Marseilles. She has on board a general cargo.

THE steamer Patiala 1,956 tons, Captain H. B. Smith, brought to Bombay yesterday a general cargo from Coast and Calcutta (May 20).

THE B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Pachumba, sailed last evening with a general cargo and 62 deck passengers under Captain J. W. Livingstone for Coast and Karachi.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's Kirbella, 5452 tons, Captain J. Stewart, will sail to-day for London via Karachi with mails for the latter port and following passengers :—For London —Mr. G. Watson, Mr. John L. Wall, Mr. E. Elliott, Mrs Macaulay and one servant, on deck, and Mr and Mrs. W. Wilsworth, four children and one servant for Lisbon.—Mr. D. E. de Silva, Rev Father A. Lobo E. Priaro, Ren Mathew d'Almeida, and Mr. V. C. C. Pinto, for Aden — Mrs. Godsden.

VESSELS IN THE PRINCE'S DOCK.

3RD JUNE, 1887.

Vessels.	Net Tonnage	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Australia ..	2101	Briscoe	A	P. & O. Co.
„ Victoria	2223	W. Russel	B	W. & A. Graham & Co.
„ Assam	1579	W. A. Wheler ..	D	P. & O. Co.
„ Europa	1492	R. Jones.....	E	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Etolia	2035	W. Gill	F	K. Nixon & Co.
„ C. Graham .	1911	Bear	G	F. Muir & Co.
„ Tockwith ..	1413	J. Murton	H	Rutunjee Bomonjee.
„ Lamport....	1572	Cotter	K	J. Mackintosh & Co.
„ C. of Venice	2200	H. Y. Moffat.....	L	Sir C. Forbes & Co.
„ Eden Hall..	1353	Macdougal	M	E. Bates & Co.
„ Lisnacriove.	1381	J. Williams	N	J. Mackintosh & Co.
„ Alcona	1401	G. B. Corner....	O	Rally Brothers.
„ Friary	1505	T. R. Evans	P	W. & A. Graham & Co.
„ St. Albans..	1315	Millard	Q	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Dunbar	1172	T. Wizzel	Ibis	J. Mackintosh & Co.

ARRIVALS.

June.	Vessels.	Commander	From.
3	Patiala (s)	Smith	Calcutta, May 20.
	Suffolk.....	Caird	Cochin, May 15.

DEPARTURES.

June.	Vessels	Commander	Destination.
3	Pachumba (s)	Livingstone.	Coast and Calcutta.
	Monkseaton (s) ..	Beazley	Marseilles & Genoa.
	Friary (.....	Evans	Hull.
	Kohinur (s)	Wright	Coast and Calcutta.
	Perecles	Largie	Madras.

The steamer Patiala was entered yesterday for Coast and Calcutta.

The steamer Kerbella, Stewart, cleared last evening for London via Karachi.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVAL.

May. 30 Tai Sang s.....Davis .....Hongkong, May 14.

DEPARTURE.

May 30.—Ship Loch Long.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

May		
30	Colombo.....	Diamond Island.
31	Crown of Scotland	Mauritius.
	Patna s	Bombay.

DEPARTURES.

May.		
30	Invomar.....	.....
31	Hydaspes s	London.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JUNE 2.

Povah, May, Bo, Rl Dub Fus, from leave, from Purandher.

Heathcote, Brigdr-Gnl, Bo Staff Corps, off Inspection duty, from Deolali.

Mac Mahon, Capt, Bo Q M G's Dept, off duty, from Diolali.

JUNE 3.

Bachanan, Lt, Bo, 2nd from leave, from Ahmednagar.

DEPARTURE.—JUNE 2.

Burroughs, Surgn-Major, Bo, 3rd B Cavy, from leave, to Neemuch.

JUNE 3.

Young, Lt, Bo, Comt Dept, on leave, to Ahmedabad.

Tyacke, Major, Bo, 2nd N Stafford Regt, on duty, to Poona.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Major F. S. HORE, Officiating Commandant, B.V.R.C.

Bombay, June 4th, 1887.

1. Members of the Corps desirous of learning heavy Gun drill, are requested to forward their names to the adjutant without delay.

By Order,
(Sd.) G. W. ROUGHTON, Capt.,
Officiating Adjutant, B. V. R. Corps.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,

SURGEON DENTIST,

NO. 3, HORNBY ROW.

Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,

DENTAL SURGEON,

MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 8 A.M. TO 5 P. M.

Extracts teeth under N. C. Gas,

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SYMPATHETIC SQUARE PIANOS,

SOUNDY & CO., LD., BOMBAY,

Sole Agents in India for the

SCHIEDMAYER PIANOFORTE FABRIK

STUTTGART.

THE only maker of that name, whose instruments obtained ONE GOLD and TWO SILVER MEDALS with first-class Certificates, proving the superiority of their Pianos over all others exhibited.

We would caution intending purchasers, not to confound the name with that of SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE.

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DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild and tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAM HERT, London, England, in bottles ONLY, Is. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with "WILLIAM LAMBERT" on the Government Stamp. Insist on having those and none other.

. . . AGENTS WANTED.

SURGEON-BONE SETTER,

FAKIRJI RATANJI, L. M. & S.,

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ARE the only Pianofortes of that name that are so favourably and widely known in India for more than 30 years. Similarity of names are new introductions. Intending Purchasers should, therefore, be careful in asking, and more especially obtaining, a Piano by Schiedmayer and Soehne.

Gold Medals with HIGHEST Distinction at both the Antwerp and the London ("Inventions") Exhibitions, the only Firm of that NAME WHICH OBTAINED a Prize.

THE GRAND SQUARE PIANOFORTE, Cash Rs. 710.

Or 12 monthly instalments at Rs. 66.
Or 24 do. do. „ 35.

The Sympathetic Pianoforte, Cash Rs. 780.
Or 12 monthly instalments at Rs. 72.
Or 24 do. do. „ 38.

Zinc lined Packing Case, Rs. 25 extra. Delivered free at any Railway Station at Bombay or Poona.

Address : MARCKS & Co., Limited,
Sole Agents for the Pianofortes of Messrs.
SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BIRTH.

CORNWALL—May 27, at Karachi, the wife of J Cornwall, Deputy Postmaster-General, of a son.

DEATHS.

DWYER—May 26, at Cawnpur, N-W P, Charles Fairly, infant son of J Martin Dwyer, aged 7 months and 28 days.

TODD—May 28, at Naini Tal, of inflamation of the brain, Charles Ralph Stanly, eldest son of H F Todd, O R Railway, aged 5 years and 4 months.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, JUNE 4, 1887.

WHEN referring on Thursday to the significant telegram from our correspondent on the frontier which announced the occupation of Chaman by the 19th Bombay Infantry and added that all was quiet towards Kandahar, and the natives friendly, we were careful to say that the news was not serious in itself, but that the incident might be regarded as a part of a policy of preparation which contemplates the possibility of serious events arising in the not remote future. The telegram we published yesterday, and that which supplements it, to-day, fully justify the warning which we gave three days ago as to the wisdom of maintaining a certain prudence in examining such incidents. The Moscow correspondent of the *Times* has sent what is called a despatch—an important communication—which is calculated to give rise under existing circumstances to a good deal of alarm. The statement is made that Dhuleep Singh has taken up his residence in Russia, that he is the avowed enemy of England, and that it is his intention to become a Russian subject. There is something thrilling in all this until we remember that Dhuleep has now been some time in Russia, and that whether he become Russian subject or remain a Sikh, does not affect anyone but himself, and that there is no reason to suppose that he is either more or less the avowed "enemy of England" now, than he was when he was sent back from Aden by order of the Government on the ground that his presence in India might do harm, and could not do any good. The solemnity of the phrase and the depth of the implication of an added dose of traitorous hatred of England need not frighten us. The journal which uses it is an adept in stage thunder. That able paper forced the Aberdeen Cabinet to undertake the siege of Sebastopol against its own judgment, and in defiance of the opinion of impartial Europe that the object of the Anglo-French alliance had been obtained by the withdrawal of the Russian troops from the Principalities ; and that historical achievement was affected by the simple device of saying in very solemn and emphatic tones that the interests of England and of Europe required that Sebastopol should be destroyed. It is well to take the trouble to examine very carefull the facts and circumstances about which the leading London journal admonishes Russia in language which can have but one meaning. The Government of India, it is said, can look on with placid indifference. While Russia endeavours to repeat in Afghan Turkistan the tricks by which Alikhanoff succeeded in inducing Merv Turkomans to submit to the Czar, England will not experience any remorse at the result. This reads like the muttered thunder ; and such as precedes the operations of war. But when we come to reckon up the new factors which might make for war we find that they do not necessarily bear the dark significance attached to them, though they may no doubt give rise to some misgiving on the part of those who hope for peace, and are inclined to believe that the hope will be realised.

Having set forth with startling emphasis that Dhuleep Singh, who has never before been regarded by anybody as a formidable person, but rather the contrary, is now our avowed enemy, and that henceforth he will live in Russia and become a Russian subject, we are informed that telegraphic connections have been established with an important post near the Afghan frontier. The connection between Dhuleep's irritation and this Russian telegraphic station on the Ameer's frontier is not at once obvious, but some unexplained significance may exist in the fact that there is a telegraph station the more in that part of Central Asia. What is perhaps of greater interest is that the Russian officer Bogdanovitch, who helped Dhuleep Singh to get into Russia on a borrowed passport, has thrown up his commission and will attach himself to a caravan belonging to a merchant hailing from Moscow. This caravan has left, or is about to leave, Merv, accompanied by certain of General Alikhanoff's officers in disguise. These officers are suspected of the intention to play in Afghan Turkistan the tricks by which Alikhanoff succeeded in getting the citizens of Merv to become the subjects of the White Czar. We should be more concerned at learning all this about the caravan had it not been well known to all who have given any degree of attention to what is going on beyond the Indian frontier that for eighteen months past the agents of Russia have been assiduous in their intrigues in Afghan Turkistan with a view of detaching Chiefs and Governors from their allegiance to the Ameer. The names of some of those practised upon have been pretty well known. Still nothing has happened north of the Hindu Khush, where the intrigues were rife. The revolt which has for some mouths past complicated Afghan politics has occurred south of that great mountain barrier, amongst the Ghilzais, who are quite beyond the supposed area of Muscovite mischief. That which was not expected has happened south of the Hindu Khush, and so far nothing of what was expected to the north thereof has happened. With regard to the sinister interpretation put upon the establishment of a telegraph station on the Russo-Afghan frontier it may be as well to point out that in these days it is a matter of course to connect remote parts of the frontier —specially if it be a disturbed or insecure frontier—with the interior. It is quite unnecessary and it may be very misleading to draw unfavourable inferences from such an ordinary event. The same thing has been done quite recently by our own Government ; which has despatched a considerable amount of telegraph material *via* Karachi to Quetta, and beyond to Chaman. Our own columns this week testify that Chaman is now in telegraphic communication with Bombay. So much is the extension of the telegraph to such outlying places a matter of course that we never thought of mentioning the fact in regard to Chaman ; we only referred to the detachment of a Bombay regiment which had been moved there. Why then should England or India be made uneasy because some one has ascertained "positively" that a Russian telegraph station has been set up at a convenient spot near the Afghan frontier ? There is nothing in such a measure to suggest a disregard of treaty engagements.

A more noteworthy circumstance is the occupation of Kerki a fortnight ago by a Russian detachment in consequence of a massacre of Bokharan officials there by Afghans. Kerki is a town on the Oxus, in Bokharan territroy, and about seventy miles north-westward of Khwaja Saleh, the scene of the unsuccessful attempts at frontier delimitation last year. The incident illustrates—what has long been a matter of notoriety—the determination of the Russians to obtain an increased influence in Bokhara which is not likely long to stop short of an actual incorporation of the Amir's territory into the Trans-Caspian dominions of the Czar. It is unfortunate that the only account of the occurrence which has reached us comes from St. Petersburg, for it represents the Afghans as having been raiders into territory far beyond the farthest to which they can lay claim, and as having shown an audacity equal only to that of Russian agents who cross the Danube to kidnap unoffending Princes. The pretext for the massacre of the Bokharan notables having been that they had not resisted the Russian advance, it is scarcely likely that what according to St. Petersburg accounts looks like a serious outrage will pass by without reparation being exacted. As the incident occurred so near to the district through which England and Russia are in vain trying to complete the marking of the northern frontier of Afghanistan we are afraid that it will not facilitate the negotiations at St. Petersburg, where the military advisers of the Czar, who constantly prevail over the pacific counsels of M. de Giers, will find in it, if they choose, reasons for insisting upon a delimitation increasingly unfavourable to the Amir. Meanwhile the incident at Kerki shows what is the exact value of Russian denials of recent reports of an advance upon Badakshan. The Russians are still a long way from Badak-han, but they are moving very nearly and very quickly towards Balkh, and the establishment of a post of infantry, cavalry, and artillery so near the Afghan frontier, and with a massacre to avenge into the bargain, is more worth noting than the presence of Dhuleep Singh at St. Petersburg. The son of the Lion of the Punjab is a prince who thinks a grievance will do as well for him as prestige, and whose next grievance will doubtless be that the Russians, having found that he can be of no service to them, have discarded him. We shall hear of him in London before we hear of him in Lahore, and if he ever enters India again it will not be across the north-west frontier.

THE Afghan Boundary Commission was primarily and ostensibly organised for political purposes ; but it served subsidiary purposes of no small interest. Had it been a scientific mission, the successes which were achieved in the fields of geological and geographical research would have been sufficient to justify its appointment. But having been appointed as a political expedient, history will judge of it as such, and, it is to be feared, take little note of its scientific aspect. In the *entourage* of Sir Peter Lumsden and subsequently of Sir West Ridgeway were several scientific experts, whose researches have added considerably to our knowledge of a region hitherto but little known. Geologically, a great part of the country traversed by the Mission was a *terra incognita*, and Mr. Griesbach, of the Geological Survey of India, who was of the party, had therefore full opportunity to enjoy the great and rare pleasure which the explorer feels in making new discoveries. Some interesting notes of the work done by Mr. Griesbach are now appearing in the "Records of the Geological Survey of India." If they show one thing more prominently than another it is that, though much has been accomplished, much more remains to be done before we can have anything like a complete knowledge of the geology of Afghanistan. All the mountainous country from the Suleiman range to the Hazarajat, including the Zhob Valley, the upper Hari Rud, the Firoz Kohi country, a large portion of the Northern Hazarajat, the Taimmi country, and the valleys which descend from the Siah Koh, are unknown to us geologically. During the second Afghan Campaign in 1880, Mr. Griesbach reconnoitred the route from the Indian frontier to the Helmund, including the country south-west of Quetta. Three years later he accompanied the Takht-i-Suleiman expedition under General Kennedy, visiting the highest part of the Suleiman range. Later on, in 1884, 1885, and 1886, he was attached to the Afghan Boundary Commission, and examined the entire west and northern frontier of Afghanistan, together with Eastern Khorassan and the greater part of Afghan Turkistan, and was able to reconnoitre one section from the Hindoo Khoosh to India. This is a record of several years' hard work, and though it has large'y increased our knowledge the greater part of the country over which Abdul Rahman rules is still, from the geologist's point of view, an unknown land.

As though the conflict of civil jurisdictions in the Nizam's Dominions were not disturbing enough, the Government have lately been asked to intervene in a quarrel between the two ecclesiastical jurisdictions to which the Roman Catholic Church is subject in this country. There is nothing new in the fact, for in Siraj-ul-Moolk's time, forty years ago, Bishop Murphy had a misunderstanding with the Goanese priests in Hyderabad which necessitated a journey to London and a statement of his case at the India Office. But the Concordat lately effected between the Holy See and the King of Portugal should have reconciled the most enthusiastic of the champions of the Potuguese patronage to the jurisdiction of the newly constituted hierarchy, especially in a territory like that of Hyderabad, where the Portuguese and their Goanese cousins have absolutely no political souvenirs. But in the village of Januma there are adherents of the Lisbon patronage more Portuguese than the Portuguese, and they have shown their zeal for their religion by locking up the church, and making it impossible for the priest to perform his functions. There may be two sides to the story, but it seems to be beyond doubt that Father Mend

TELEGRAMS.

THE RUSSIANS AND THE FRONTIER QUESTION.

A CARAVAN FOR AFGHAN TURKESTAN.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JUNE 3.

The Russian Government, the *Times'* Moscow correspondent affirms, have declined to receive a British Consul at the place where the new telegraphic arrangements on the Afghan Frontier have been effected. Permission to a special correspondent of the *Times* to proceed to Central Asia has been refused, on the advice of M. Katkoff, of the *Moscow Gazette*.

The *Times* writes in an angry and menacing tone, saying that the Government of India is able to regard with placid indifference the action of Russia, and that whatever may happen that Government will have no reason for remorse.

The Russian Officer, General Bogdanovitch, under whose auspices Dhuleep Singh has undertaken his mission to Russia, has resigned his commission in the army, to join a caravan of which the owner is a Moscow merchant named Kauschine. The caravan has set out from Merv in charge of some of General Alikhanoff's officers, who are disguised as merchants. The *Times* affirms that it is undoubtedly the intention to repeat in Afghan Turkestan the tricks by which Alikhanoff, pretending to be a merchant in charge of a caravan, effected the annexation of Merv to Russia.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

WRECK OF A NORTH GERMAN LLOYD'S STEAMER.

ADEN, JUNE 2.

Information has been received here that the North German Lloyd's steamer Oder, homeward bound from China, struck on a rock off the Island of Socotra on the 30th of May, and became a total wreck.

Sixty-one passengers and the greater portion of the crew were saved, and the survivors, to the number of one hundred and eleven, have arrived here in Holt's steamer, the Cyclops.

Four of the crew are believed to have perished.

ADVANCE OF THE RUSSIANS IN CENTRAL ASIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, MAY 2.

The *St. Petersburg Gazette* publishes news received from Bokhara that the Afghans bordering on Kerki killed fourteen high Bokharan officials on the 20th ultimo, because they had failed to influence the population against the Russian advance on Kerki.

A Russian detachment composed of Riflemen, Cossacks and a battery of Artillery occupied Kerki on the day of the massacre.

THE QUEEN'S JUBILEE.

LONDON, JUNE 3.

Prince Albert Victor of Wales will represent the Queen on the occasion of the celebration of her Majesty's Jubilee in Dublin.

MR. GLADSTONE IN WALES.

Mr. Gladstone is at present on a visit to Swansea, where he arrived yesterday. The journey of the Right Honourable Gentleman from Hawarden was one prolonged ovation. Mr. Gladstone made a series of speeches at the stations on the way down, which were chiefly devoted to Ireland.

THE NATIONAL RADICAL UNION.

At the Conference held at Birmingham of the National Radical Union, Mr. Chamberlain said that the division among the Liberals was now complete and the rupture was incapable of being healed, therefore it was imperative to form a new combination to promote reform and resist anarchy.

MR. PARNELL'S HEALTH.

Mr. Parnell is recovering from his late indisposition.

THE RISING OF THE GHILZAIS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 2.

A messenger, who left Gholam Haidar's Camp six days ago, reports that no fighting had occurred up to that date.

The Amir's force consists of 4 regiments of infantry, 3 of cavalry, and 8 guns, with about 500 levies, or a total of about 4,500.

ARMY GENERAL ORDERS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JUNE 2.

The Provincial Chief is pleased to make the following appointments:—8th Bombay Infantry—Lieut. R. M. Betham, Wing Officer and Officiating Adjutant to be Wing Officer and Adjutant, vice Capt. Sandwith, vacated appointment on promotion. 13th Bombay Infantry—Lieut. E. G. R. Wilkins, Officiating Wing Officer, to be Wing Officer. 21st Bombay Infantry—Lieut. C. G. Carnegy, Officiating Wing Officer, 25th Bombay Light Infantry, to be Wing Officer. 22nd Bombay Infantry—Lieut. G. W. C. Knatchbull, Staff Corps, Officiating Wing Officer, 1st Bombay Infantry, to be Wing Officer. 27th Bombay Infantry—Jemadar Sardar Khan to be Native Adjutant.

Surgeon J. F. Brodie, Medical Staff, is appointed in Medical charge of Station Hospital, Satara, and will travel at the public expense agreeable to para. 514, of the Transport Regulations, Part II.

With reference to G. G. O. 275 of 25th ultimo, it is notified, that the undermentioned Officer is seconded for service:—Staff Captain J. F. C. Thatcher, Staff Corps, Deputy Assistant Adjutant General for Musketry, to be Wing Officer, 20th Bombay Infantry.

In instructions received from Horse Guards it is intimated that Lieutenant M. B. Lloyd, Royal Artillery, is transferred to F. Battery, 1st Brigade.

With reference to G.G.O. 275 of the 25th ult., Captain J. F. C. Thatcher, D.A.A.G. for Musketry, is posted to the Second Circle, *pro tem.*

The name of Captain J. C. Swann, 1st Bombay Infantry, is added to the list of Officers, detailed as per G.O.C. 202 of 1887, to attend a course of garrison instruction at Poona from the 1st instant.

The following order is confirmed:—7th Dragoon Guards, Regimental Orders, dated 31st May 1887 appointing the following Committee of Paymastership with effect from 27th January 1887, vice Captain C. D. Becher, granted leave to proceed to England.—President, Captain E. Ditmas; Members, Captain F. A. Barton and Lieut. F. G. Smerdon. Lieut Smerdon to perform the duties of Paymaster on the responsibility of the Committee.

Captain H. S. Fitzgerald, 2nd Durham Light Infantry, officiated as A.-D.-C. to Major-General A. Carnegy, Commanding Northern Division, from 23rd to 30th May 1887, both days inclusive.

The undermentioned Officers are granted leave to proceed to England, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—Lancashire Fusiliers, 2nd Battalion—Major T. P. Fleetrood, six months on medical Certificate. Army Veterinary Department—Veterinary Surgeon A. J. Haslam, three months on Medical Certificate.

The undermentioned Officers have leave of absence:—B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, 2nd Battalion—Lieutenant W. E. S. McGregor to, proceed to England for three months on private affairs. 7th Dragoon Guards—Captain B. W. R. Asher, to remain in England from 23rd April to 23rd June 1886, on private affairs. Royal Artillery—Lieut G. A. Cardew, D. Battery, 2nd Brigade, from 9th May to 8th August 1887, on the recommendation of a Medical Board. 25th Bombay Light Infantry—Major R. L. Price, Staff Corps, to remain in Bangalore from 21st June to 19th December 1887, on Medical Certificate. Extension of leave granted as per G. O. C. 28 of 1887.

Date of termination of leave granted to Major Maclean, B. Battery, 2nd Brigade, Royal Artillery, in accordance with G.O.C. 150 of 1887, is altered from 15th to 31st October, 1887.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, JUNE 3.

The P. & O. Co.'s s.s. Nizam, with the outward English mails of the 27th ult., left here for Bombay at 3 a.m. to-day.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, JUNE 2.

The Clan Line s.s. Clan Macpherson arrived here from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, this afternoon.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s s.s. Huzara, homeward bound from Bombay, Kurrachee, and Malabar Coast, left here this morning.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JUNE 2.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firmer. Surats steady.

Good Fair Dhollera	4½
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	88½
4½ per cent. "	72½
3 per cent. Consols for account	102½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	103¼
4½ per cent. French Rentes	109
Bar Silver	43 15-16.

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total bullion, £23,600,000; decrease, £100,000; public deposits, £4,700,000; decrease, £400,000; other deposits, £26,100,000; increase, no change; other securities, £18,700,000; decrease, do.; notes and gold, £14,400,000; decrease, £500,000.

The Bank's Reserve is 46 per cent. of the Liabilities.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(JUNE 3.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect *Via* Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

Moulmein route to Siam interrupted beyond British Frontier.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURSDAY, NIGHT, JUNE 2.

10 p.m.	83·4

FRIDAY, JUNE 3.

a.m.	82·6
10 a.m.	87·7
p.m.	89·4
4 p.m.	89·0

As an indirect result of the discussion on the Duke of Connaught's Leave Bill, it seems likely that some alteration will be made in the rule which forbids a Naval or Military Commander-in-Chief to leave his post without express permission from Parliament.

MR. A. R. COLQUHOUN, Deputy Commissioner, Sagang, Burma, has arrived in Calcutta in *route* to England. Mr. Colquhoun is suffering from fever and ague, and has been compelled to take six months' leave to England.

MR. CADWALLADER WADDY has been made a Doctor of Philosophy by the University of Gottingen in recognition of the scholarship displayed in his work on Hindoo and Mahomedan Laws and Customs.

EXTENSIVE experiments with the new compressed fodder manufactured under Mr. Roger's system are in process of being carried out. By a wide distribution of the bales, the Government will be able to arrive at sufficiently certain and comprehensive results.

NUR MAHOMED KHAN, son of Wali Mahomed who failed to enlist the sympathies of the Shinwaris lately against the Amir, is now reported to have gone towards Khost with 100 or 200 followers. He is evidently bent on raising a rebellion in the neighbourhood of Kurram.

REPORTS from the northern frontier of Persia show that the Russians are running a branch railway from the Merv-Askabad line southwards in the direction of the Herat province, while at the same time they are linking their outposts towards Panjdeh with Merv by telegraph.

M. LESSAR being prevented by his delicate health from active work at present is stated to be engaged on a series of translations into Russian of books bearing upon the Central Asian question. One is already being published, *The Peoples of the Hindu Khush*, from the original of Major Biddulph.

A MOST extraordinary case of undetected murder has been reported from Raipore. A woman of low degree was missing: she had been last seen in the company of her lover, a man of high degree. At length her body was discovered caught in a cleft in a precipice, thirty feet below the edge. A rope was let down, and the body was noosed, and hauled up, but the remains gave way, the noose came up with a leg, and the body tumbled into a deep abyss, said to be three hundred feet deep: "so narrow and deep," says the official reporter, "that no human being can go down." The police have sent the leg to the Civil Surgeon, and the wicked lover stalks about defiantly, as it is not probable that the earth will give up her dead just at present.

IT is stated that the Board of Revenue have sent in their report on the Bardwan adoption case to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and that Mr. Halliday, during his visit to Darjiling, had several interviews with the Lieutenant-Governor on the subject. It is not yet known what the result of the enquiry before the Board is likely to be. The *Englishman* suggests that it would be desirable for all parties if, before the case is finally decided, Sir Steuart Bailey would have an interview with both Maharanis, so as to ascertain what their real wishes are, and also to give them the benefit of his disinterested advice as was done in a somewhat similar case by Sir Ashley Eden.

LAST year the Health Officer of the port of Calcutta inspected 1,516 vessels, or 110 more than in 1885. This increase was entirely due to the new system of granting bills of health to outward bound vessels, there being an actual decrease in the number of inward bound vessels inspected, due to the fact that it was not considered necessary to inspect coasting vessels on every occasion of their visit to the port. The number of European seamen who arrived in port was 23,696 as against 21,449, the average daily number being 2,326 against 1,693. This increase is attributed to the number of vessels remaining longer in port disengaged, owing to the low rates of freight.

THE results of the recent Intermediate and Entrance Examinations of the Punjab University have been now prepared out of the 977 candidates who appeared at the Entrance Examination, only 196 have managed to satisfy the Examiners, and out of the 214 candidates who appeared at the recent Intermediate Examination, only 45 have passed. That is to say, only 21 per cent. of the candidates at the Intermediate Examination pass this year, instead of 37 per cent., as in 1885, and 40 per cent. as in 1886; and about 20 per cent. of the candidates at the Entrance Examination pass this year, against 45 per cent. in 1885, and 32 per cent. in 1886. These figures are not encouraging.

FINAL orders in connection with the closing of the Gunpowder Factory at Madras have now been passed. It will be remembered that, in October last, when the Factory was ordered, by telegram from the Government of India, to be closed, the local Chamber of Commerce lodged a strongly worded protest against the step, pointing out the danger to which this Presidency and Southern India in general would be exposed, were the order to be carried into effect, in the event of a war with Russia or any other Power, or in the case of any serious local disturbance. In deference to this protest the order was not immediately carried out, and a reference to the Government of India was made on the subject. The representation of the Chamber of Commerce has not been altogether barren of good result; for the *Madras Times* learns that the Secretary of State, in sanctioning the closing of the Factory, was satisfied by a perusal of the report on the subject by the Government of India that precautions necessary to guard against the dangers, which the Chamber point out, have been taken. It has, therefore, been directed that the Factory shall, as already ordered, be closed for work, the establishment being reduced to a scale sufficient for looking after the buildings and machinery and keeping them in efficient order, so that, when needed, work may be recommenced with as little delay as possible.

THE Madras Government, it appears, agree with the local High Court Judges that the amalgamation of the duties of the Clerk of the Crown and Crown Prosecutor are, from their nature, impracticable; but they think that, as the duties devolving upon the Clerk of the Crown are inconsiderable, they might be performed by the Deputy Registrar, and the Clerk of the Crown abolished as a separate appointment. They also coincide in opinion with the Judges that the recommendation made by the Finance Committee for the appointment of an Official Receiver is one which does not call for adoption, as present arrangements are found to work satisfactorily.

THE recent raid on the Bhopal dacoits has, it appears, been more successful than could have been anticipated. Thirty-six men have been arrested and sixteen of these have admitted to being implicated in at least two heavy dacoities, while they are prepared to give evidence to most of their companions being concerned not only in these two but in various other robberies. Over Rs. 3,000 worth of property has already been recovered and much more is promised: so that sufficient has now been discovered to establish the existence of an association for dacoity and robbery with curiously widespread ramifications. It is hoped that these will all gradually be brought to light. There have been many ingenious devices for concealment, says an up-country paper, but perhaps the cleverest was the following: there was no evidence against one Vilaiti until his friend suggested unloading his pistol: when the bullet was drawn from this long-barrelled weapon—out came a stream of large pearls and broken gold ornaments! The owner's only question was, Who told? He then promptly turned on the informer and pointed out property in his possession that had been stolen in January last in a dacoity of which up to that time no clue had been obtained. Nearly the whole was recovered. Another amusing episode was the lament of six wild Pathans who complained that they had been invited down for a season's dacoity by their friends in office, and had been run in before they had had a chance of recovering their expenses.

A FEELING seems to be growing amongst Naval and Military authorities in England as to the uselessness to England of the Suez Canal in time of war. Lord Charles Beresford, who has a knack of putting things in a very plain, blunt fashion, ridicules the idea of England wasting her strength in defending a "ditch like the Suez Canal;" and in the course of a paper read at the Royal United Service Institution on May 11, Colonel Sir Charles Nugent practically endorsed this opinion. Colonel Nugent was supported by Captain Hall of the Naval Intelligence Department, who declared that not only would the Suez Canal be utterly useless in time of war, but that it would be a positive advantage to England if it were blocked, and by Admiral Boys, who also denounced the Canal as utterly useless, and declared that the Cape route was the only one worth paying attention to in time of war. Perhaps considerations of this nature may have influenced the Government in arriving at their decision to commence relaxing our hold upon Egypt.

THE Messrs. Balfour, M. P., and Mr. Jackson, M. P., might do well to cleanse their own stables before meddling with Ireland. At Manchester (partially represented by the Irish Chief Secretary) Mr. Justice Wills stated recently that—

Life in parts of Manchester was as unsafe and as uncertain as amongst a race of savages. That city, like two others he could mention, enjoyed an unenviable reputation for crime of this kind, and elsewhere he had met with nothing like it.

At Leeds (represented partially by another Balfour, and also by the Secretary to the Treasury) Mr. Justice Grantham said on the same day, referring to a wife murder case, that—

It brought to light a state of existence amongst people that few even of those who were accustomed to deal with them could have believed possible. That man after man could have stood up to confess to such disgusting conduct was almost incredible. They might search the records of this country or any other civilised State and find no parallel; indeed, he doubted whether barbarians would have been guilty of such conduct.

If these remarks had been made by judges in Ireland, says Mr. Labouchere, there would have been a loud cry for martial law; but as this savagery and brutality does not affect the landlords, it is let alone.

PRINCE SELIM EFFENDI, the Sultan's eldest son is coming from Constantinople to represent his Majesty at the Jubilee celebration next month. Prince Selim, who was born in 1870, is a very intelligent youth, and understands European languages and manners. He will be accompanied by a large retinue; and, in all probability, his Highness will reside while in London at a large private residence which has been placed at the Queen's disposal from June 15 till July 4.

THE Netherlands India Government is sometimes blind to the advantages of telegraphic communication. The Acheen war, for example, has been going on for fourteen years, yet that station is not connected telegraphically with either Penang or Singkel, the northernmost telegraph station on the West Coast of Sumatra. With Celebes it is far otherwise. The Government is said to intend, shortly to lay a cable between Java and that island.

MR. LABOUCHERE read with amazement that Lord Wolseley was allowed the other day to make an ascent in a captive balloon, with which the Royal Engineers are experimenting at Chatham. His lordship actually ascended to a height of 500 feet, and remained there for some time! A country with only one General ought to take more care of him than this. Suppose any accident had happened. Or, suppose some enemy of England had come and cut the rope. Where should we all have been then?

A COLONIST writes:—With regard to the remarks that are made about the riding of the cowboys at Buffalo Bill's "Wild West," it appears to me that Englishmen are quite right in describing it as inelegant and ungainly. But it is more excusable than you are perhaps aware. The fact is that the only way in which a "buckjumper" may be sat is with shortened stirrup ("the forked seat"). I have known some of the best English horsemen to be thrown by "buckjumpers" simply because they persisted in retaining the long stirrup. One case occurs to me in which an admirable horseman, fresh from England, attempted to ride a wild colonial horse, and was thrown time after time. He was advised to shorten his stirrup and grip like a jockey. This he did, and a couple of months afterwards I saw him sit a "buckjumper" till the horse "bucked" his saddle and girths over head. Then my friend came off.

GOVERNMENT have hitherto maintained Civil Hospitals in large municipal towns at their sole expense, except in the few cases in which small contributions have been received from Municipal or Local Funds. In many of these towns, there are no aided dispensaries, and no expenditure on account of medical institutions, therefore, falls on the Municipal revenues. The financial position of Government renders the curtailment of expenditure under the head "medical" necessary, and it considers, accordingly, that, in view of the benefits afforded by Civil Hospitals to the townspeople and the surrounding villages, Municipal and Local Funds should render substantial aid in the maintenance of these institutions. The Collectors of the Districts of Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach, Surat, Thana, Poona, Ahmednagar, Khandesh, Nassick, Satara, Sholapore, Dharwar, Ratnagheri, Kanara, and Belgaum have, therefore, been requested to move at their very earliest convenience the Municipal and Local Boards concerned to make adequate contributions towards the expenses of Civil Hospitals in their districts, and to report the result to Government without delay.

IT was announced in the House of Commons the other evening that the Royal Commission on Currency will most likely issue an *ad interim* report. Inasmuch as Mr. Barbour has accepted the post now filled by Sir Auckland Colvin, he will, in all probability, retire from the Commission, and his place will be taken by some other advocate of bimetallism. So far (writes a London correspondent) Mr. Barbour has had little assistance from the services of Sir Louis Mallet, who, unfortunately, has been seriously ill ever since he was appointed to the Commission. It is understood, however, that, with the returning warm weather, Sir Louis is rapidly recovering. The more recent labours of the Commission appear to have distinctly ended in favour of the bimetallist view. A month ago bimetallism seemed to be losing ground. Now, however, it has so far gained an accession of strength that the monometallists have decided to call witnesses to combat those witnesses whom the bimetallists have placed before the Commission. On the whole, therefore, one may say that the prospects of the bimetallists have made a distinct advance within the last few weeks. When the Commission opened its inquiry the bimetallists were sanguine. The first few weeks, however, showed that their opponents were much stronger than themselves. The pendulum has now swung back to the benefit of the bimetallists' theory. "I say nothing of the practical difficulties in the way of carrying out these theories." writes the correspondent, "I only speak of the facts of the case as regards the Commission."

MILITARY NEWS.

CAPTAIN H. S. FITZGERALD, 2nd Battalion Durham Light Infantry, has been appointed to be Military Secretary to the Provincial Commander-in-Chief, continuing to perform the duties of A.-D.-C., and Lieut. H. G. Carnegy, 1st North Lancashire Regiment, has been appointed to be provisional A.-D.-C.

WITH the sanction of her Majesty's Government the following order of precedence of Warrant Officers of the British and Indian services has been laid down. Those bracketed together to rank with one another according to dates of promotion or appointment:—

I.—{Conductor. Conductor of Supplies. Conductor of Stores. Master Gunner, 1st class. Apothecary.

II.—{Sub-Conductor. Master Gunner, 2nd class. Assistant Apothecary. Sub-Assistant Apothecary—Junior of the class.

III.—Garrison Sergeant-Major.

IV.—{Regimental Sergeant-Major. Schoolmaster. Bandmaster. } Rank in the regiment or battalion next after the Sergeant-Major.

FIRST-CLASS Sergeant Instructors of Volunteer Corps are to be allowed punka coolies and tatty watering establishments for the same period that they may be allowed to the troops in the division.

COMMANDANTS of Volunteer Corps may expend the capitation, after all expenses under the heads of account in the Volunteer regulations have been met, as they may deem most beneficial to the Corps.

COLONEL COLLETT, Deputy Adjutant-General, Bengal Army, having been appointed to the Brigade Staff, Colonel Harris has been confirmed as Deputy Adjutant-General, and Colonel Chatterton as Commandant of the Presidency Volunteers.

THE number of Officers of the Bengal Commissariat Department to be absent on furlough at the same time has been fixed at 20 per cent. or 11 out of 53.

CAPTAIN E. C. M. LUSHINGTON, additional Wing Officer, 2nd Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, has been permitted to proceed to England on furlough, in anticipation of leave, on the recommendation of a medical board.

LIEUTENANT E. R. SWINEY, 33rd Bengal Infantry, has been appointed Post Transport Officer at Pyinmana; Lieutenant W. M. Tracy, 2nd Queen's, Post Transport Officer at Pyawbway; and Lieutenant E. W. Carrick, 13th Madras Infantry, Post Transport Officer at Yemethen, *vice* Lieutenant Nicholl, Royal Artillery, relieved.

ON the recommendation of a medical board, Lieutenant F. A. Irby, 1st Battalion Rifle Brigade, has been allowed to proceed to England in anticipation of leave.

LIEUTENANTS A. E. BARTON and A. B. SANGSTER, 1st Battalion, South Yorkshire Regiment, have been transferred to the General Hospital, Rangoon for farther treatment,

UNDER Orders from Head-quarters, Lieutenant C. G. Carnegy, 2nd Battalion, East Yorkshire Regiment, a Probationer for the Indian Staff Corps, and attached to the 25th Bombay Light Infantry in Burma, has been ordered to proceed to Bombay by the first available opportunity, to join the 21st Marine Battalion, to which he has been posted.

LIEUTENANT S. A. PEARSE, 17th Madras Infantry, has been appointed Post Transport Officer at Zagabin.

THE Head-quarters of Sub-Marine Mining in this country have been transferred from Fort William, Calcutta, to Kirkee. Major C. Carter, Royal Engineers, Inspector of Sub-Marine Mining, returned off tour to Poona instead of to Calcutta.

UNDER instructions from Madras Army Head-quarters a Board composed of Brigadier-General Lockhart (President), Deputy Surgeon-General G. S. Farrell, and Surgeon-Major J. D. Edge, has been ordered to assemble at Meiktila to determine the fitness for further service of Surgeon-Major C. F. Ogilvie, M.D., Indian Medical Service.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL G. B. WOLSELEY, C.B., assumed command of the 1st Brigade, Upper Burma Field Force, on the 20th May.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL HOME, 2nd-in-Command, 5th Bengal Infantry, has been granted six months' leave from Burma on the recommendation of a medical board.

LIEUTENANT W. H. BURKE, 1st Yorkshire Light Infantry, has been transferred to the General Hospital, Rangoon, for further treatment.

CAPTAIN H. MASON has been appointed Post Transport Officer at Metila; Lieutenant W. S. Delamain, 23rd Bombay Light Infantry, Post Transport Officer at Pokoko; Captain E. M. Nedham, Post Transport Officer at Taungdwingi; and Lieutenant W. E. Hill, 18th Bengal Infantry, Post Transport Officer at Alôn.

FROM BOMBAY TO CASHMERE ON PRIVILEGE LEAVE.

THE journey by road from Rawalpindi to Murree can be performed either by special tonga—cost Rs. 24—starting at any time or by mail tonga—Rs. 8 per seat—leaving about midnight, servants being sent by ecca, which takes twelve hours in transit—cost Rs. 5 per ecca. This conveyance can also be utilized for baggage for which there is no room in the tonga. The tongas are roomy both for kit and passengers, and are supposed to carry four, inclusive of the driver. I say four, but once the ponies are started, the syce perches himself during the run on various parts of the vehicle. The tongas have broad wooden wings over the wheels on which razaies, blankets, &c, can be strapped.

There are two—the Phœnix and Imperial—if not more carrying companies between Pindi and Murree—but only for that distance, the Phœnix company having the monopoly for that section of the route in Cashmere where the road is completed, and where tongas and other wheeled conveyance can ply; the traveller will therefore be saved a good deal of trouble by employing the same company on both sides of Murree. It is as well to again remind your readers that Murree, though not a Railway station, has a through booking office, and it is less expensive to consign goods there direct. Passengers are particularly requested by the tonga proprietors to carry not more than 80 lbs. of luggage in their tongas, but, judging from the way I saw them loaded up, I should say this rule is more honoured in the breach than the observance, the temptation to overload being great on account of the ease with which bulky parcels, and even portmanteaux, can be stowed away therein. It should, however, be remembered that the second half of the run is very steep, and there every pound must tell on the ponies, and consequently on the speed. The tongas are supposed to do the trip in 6½ hours, and no doubt they work up to time during the early part of the day. The animals, placed at stages at every six miles between Pindi and Trete, and at shorter intervals for the remaining half of the trip, had been tired out by an unusually hard day's work before being called upon to pull us up that evening; and thus, tired and hungry, we did not reach Powell's Hotel till midnight. Had I to do the journey again, I would either start straight away from the Railway station at Pindi soon after arrival—say at 7 a.m., thus getting over the hot part before 10 a.m., or, if a few hours' rest were needed, I would leave Pindi at 4 p.m., sleep at Trete, where there is a bungalow, and go on to Murree early the following morning, previously securing rooms at one of the hotels, of which there are several, Powell's, Robery's, &c., &c.

Early on the 4th May, I interviewed Mr. Powell, and discussed my plans for the march. He put me in the way of getting everything I required, drew out the best of supplies I should want, and assisted me in procuring them. He advised me not to take tents or furniture, as there were bungalows at every stage from Murree to Baramula. He, however, expressed grave doubts as to the wisdom of sleeping on the local beds, and we found his counsel sound in every particular.

My interview with Mr. Powell took place in his office, and while I was there, a servant came in with something, on a gridiron, under a cover; thinking this was the proprietor's breakfast, I suggested seeing him later in the day, but he said it was a dish for one of the residents, and that he made a point of looking at everything served up before it was sent to table. Later I found that the office was next the kitchen. This little incident gave me very pleasurable anticipations as to our own treatment at the *table d'hote*, and these were fully realized. It is quite possible that things are as well managed at the other hotels, they cannot be better. Everything connected with the one under notice is scrupulously clean and well kept, the attention is very good, being on the road to Cashmere, and particular attention seems to be paid to the supply of meals at odd hours to suit the convenience of travellers—in short, to quote Captain Cuttle, "when found, make a note of."

Later in the day I made what purchases were needed in the bazaar, and went to the Phœnix Carrying Company to enquire about my baggage sent by goods train from Bombay more than a fortnight before, and learnt to my disgust that nothing has been heard of it to date—a clear month is evidently needed for the transit of goods. I determined to push on, to manage with what kit we had as best we could, and to leave Murree early next morning.

We left next morning, but not early, it being 11 o'clock before we started, my wife in a dandy and I on a pony, and did one stage. Had we marched at 7 a.m. we could easily have done two (with a change of coolies and dandy bearers of course). And I would strongly advise any one following in my steps, if he is delayed beyond 8 a.m. on the day of his proposed departure, to postpone it to the next. He will thus find himself, as I will show in my next letter, a gainer in time in the long run.

EXPENSES.

Rawalpindi Hotel's bills for two for half a day	9 0
Tonga to Murree and tip to driver	25 0
Cooking utensils, stores and kiltas (leather covered baskets)	30 0
Hotel bill at Murree for two for 15 days	17 8
Dandy (new)	10 0
Total	91 8

E. G.

THE COLABA BARRACKS.

SOME extensive improvements in the European Infantry Barracks at Colaba are in course of being carried out. "For many years past," says the 1885 Administration Report, "the construction of permanent barracks for the European troops at Colaba has occupied the attention of Government." Some excuse for the delay thus admitted is given in the intimation that "*many* schemes have been under consideration since the six semi-permanent barracks were erected in 1876-7 on permanent plinths originally built in 1869-70." One of the many projects thus considered for the improvement of the barracks has been approved and sanctioned by Government, the estimated cost of which is given as Rs. 8,97,259. Permanent barracks are to take the place of the temporary ones. Two new blocks will first be constructed, the character of which may be judged from the plinths already completed—foundations which appear strong enough to form the base of a fortress. These two buildings will differ from all others in Colaba inasmuch as they will be two storeys in height. This feature would have been avoided however had it not been for the restricted building area. Each of the blocks is to afford accommodation for four sergeants and 72 rank and file, and, as we are informed, "is designed on the latest principles from standard type drawings *modified to suit the Bombay climate*." Tenders for the erection of these buildings have been advertised for, and the work will be commenced next season. So soon as the first two are completed, similar blocks will be substituted for the existing rooms. One point it is to be hoped has not been lost sight of—we refer to the condition of the married soldiers' quarters. There is much room for improvement here, and considering that the married soldier is far away the most steady and trustworthy man in the regiment he would certainly have cause for dissatisfaction were his claims not recognised by his superiors.

PREPARING FOR THE MONSOON.

TURN wherever one will just now, everyone is found toiling towards the same end. From his Excellency, who is contemplating his removal to Poona, down to the poor coolie, who appropriated his neighbour's umbrella the other day, every one is preparing for the monsoon. The downpour of rain and the extreme stress of weather which attended the "burst" twelve months ago was regarded as unparalleled, and the oldest inhabitant rummaged his memory in vain to provide his juniors with material for comparison. Twenty-four inches of rain fell within forty-eight hours. Houses fell, godowns were damaged, mills and factories sustained injury, and the water "coursed down the streets like a mill stream." The fact that it is the fashion now-a-days to "beat all records," may have led people to imagine that the oldest inhabitant is again to be troubled, for true it is, that gossips without venturing to tell us the why and the wherefore, express an opinion, which perhaps they themselves do not hold, that the monsoon now upon us will eclipse the last. The rapidity with which the refreshing mangoe showers followed each other and the smart shower of Wednesday have served to convince most people that the monsoon has almost completed its journey across country and is remarkably close upon us. In short, the knowing ones fix the thirteenth as "positively the last day" on which we may go abroad without a waterproof. The seventeenth of June last year was the date upon which the monsoon burst, but the gale, which shall bring with it the terrible wet, is this year warned for three days earlier. Already the mail steamers have commenced to take their passengers and mails aboard from Carnac Bunder, and their departure from high up the harbour has almost been divested that proceeding of much of its interest. The monitors have taken up a sheltered position in rear of Hog Island. The preliminary showers too have given a fillip to those engaged in building operations, and the rapid strides with which the various new structures have progressed during the last few days has afforded a marked contrast to the "happy-go-lucky" manner in which work had been carried on in the earlier part of the hot weather. Here and there somewhat ludicrous sights meet the eye. Roofs are almost completed to houses which have not yet walls to reach to them. But it is not only on new structures that the builders are at work. Almost every house-top bears an animated appearance. Tiles that have braved a score of years have been found to want renewing; downspouts of dimensions, which have been found efficient heretofore, are being replaced by more capacious ones, and the security of verandahs, of copings and lightning conductors is being submitted to a rigorous test. The present is a time of extraordinary activity.

One unwholesome development is attributable to the monsoon—an increase of gambling. Day after day the natives gather together and bet sometimes quite substantial amounts on the chances of rain within the next hour, or any given period of time. On boardship the passengers have daily sweeps as to the number of revolution of the propellor, the distance accomplished within the twenty-four hours, and the number of the boat which brings the pilot aboard. But one may do many things on board ship one may do elsewhere and to prevent the ventures on the monsoon the police take extra precautions.

The monsoon will bring with it greater trials to the poorer natives than it will to Europeans and those able to procure European comforts. The *alfresco siesta* must perforce be forsaken and the close, dingy houses be crowded with people for whom there is scarce breathing room. For many of these occupation will be almost entirely suspended. The boatmen at the bunders will be entitled to charge double fare, but with less than half the opportunities and thrice the amount of labour, their condition must necessarily be considerably unhappy. Coolie labour at the docks and in the harbour will, of course, be less in demand, for the number of vessels entering the port will be diminutive as compared with the number entering at ordinary times. All coasting trade will be suspended. The revenue cutters and most of the native boats are already laid up, and the coasting service carried on by Messrs. Shepherd's steamers must be modified, for the craft though "taut" enough and handy, are much too frail to bear the heavy strain of a stiff beam sea.

At the dock so admirable is the arrangement, that no extra precautions are necessary. Some additional trouble is experienced in getting vessels safely to their berth alongside the warehouse sheds, but beyond the fixing of a floating boom in front of the water-gates to prevent drifting wreckage, truant boats or unmanageable craft from colliding with the gates no further difference is perceptible.

Already the tidy canvas tents, in which those of us with an inability to stay in pent-up houses of brick and mortar, have revelled in the best of the sea-air, have disappeared from the Esplanade and the Maidan, and we are suffering the last few days indoors in a manner as much resembling the philosophical as any Anglo-Indian can be expected to attain. But this is not the only change which is effected in our domestic economy. Our Goanese servants have begun their inevitable migration. The little farms in their native country must be tilled and cultivated, and of course the monsoon brings with it their opportunity. Those who are blessed with an abundance of this world's goods, and whose principal study is how to enjoy life, betake themselves to drier regions. Those of us who must of necessity stay in the city get their share as well as our own of the attendant unpleasantnesses of monsoon weather. The insects keep us company, and of course succeed in giving us a lively time of it. But from the cooler temperature the rains bring with them we gather a crumb or two of comfort and find life bearable after all.

If we compare our own lot with that of other people we find ourselves not at all badly off, even if we must needs stay in Bombay. For how much better off are we not than the pilots and the keepers of the lights in the harbour. In their tiny boats the pilots have to weather the storm, and having guided out some homeward bound steamer must wait, no matter what the weather, until they fall in with an inward vessel on which to return. The dangers attending their calling are enormous, and no more proof of this is necessary than the mention of the casualty of last year, or the thrilling disaster of several years ago, when Mr. Piper was instrumental in rescuing so many drowning men far out in the harbour. The lot of the lighthouse men is even worse than theirs. Imagine the monotonous daily existence of the keepers of the Prongs, with the sound of the storm drowning that of their own voices, with no exercise possible but one which resembles the perpetual ascent of the "circular staircase." The keeper of the light on Kennery Island has a far more endurable time of it, for whenever the rain feels disposed to take a holiday, he has the option of stretching his limbs and getting a breath of free air on the island and possibly a supply of fresh fish. But most unenviable lot of all is that of Mr. Mullen in the outer lightship, with his life and the lives of his men depending upon the weakest link of the hundred and fifty fathoms of chain on which his vessel rides. The stores for the lighthouses and lightships, have already been delivered and their occupants like ourselves are "looking out for squalls." In a few days more we shall be ready. Then we shall spend the interval in hoping that the monsoon will come before its time that the dust and heat may be diminished.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child, suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste, it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for Diarrhœa whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere, at 1s. 1½d. per bottle. Wholesale for the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 38, Farringdon-road, London.

NEWS LETTERS FROM THE MOFUSSIL.

ENTERTAINMENT AT MATHERAN.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

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THE EVACUATION OF EGYPT.

The Cairo correspondent of the *Times* telegraphs that it may be accepted as a fact that, subject to conditions as yet unknown the evacuation of Egypt at a fixed term has been agreed upon at Constantinople. It is also agreed that that term is to be not less than two or more than five years. It must be first pointed out that this is in distinct contradiction to the engagement made by the existing Ministry, who have always represented that the term of occupation must depend upon the completion of a certain task rather than on a period of time. Unless the arrangement comprises conditions which it is difficult to imagine, the determination of a fixed period is in itself sufficient to prevent the accomplishment of the task. The Egyptian question is only a section of larger British Imperial interests, and it is quite possible that more general considerations may necessitate a policy which from the narrow horizon of Cairo appears fatal. My duty (says the correspondent) is confined to stating the effect produced here. Assuming that the troops are absolutely withdrawn within five years, and the protection of the country left exclusively to native troops, 12 months will not elapse before there come about a military revolt, an exodus of the Europeans, and a financial collapse. Whether these consequences, which are purely local, are counterbalanced by Imperial considerations I offer no opinion, but that they will ensue is as certain as is your reception of this despatch. The highest authorities may blind themselves as to the effect of the personal influence of the Khedive, the possibility of playing black regiments against fellaheen, or the employment of hostility against the Turks in favour of English administrators, but the whole fabric is only a flattering tale of hope. The period between the fixed date of the evacuation and the day when that date is made known will be one of ceaseless intrigue, and the sole hope of even the English sympathising party will be in provoking a premature ebullition, so as to render the fulfilment of the promised evacuation impossible. With every class thus interested in promoting disturbance, I have no hesitation in saying that sudden evacuation to-morrow, before the disorder was organised, would be less dangerous.

BEHIND THE SCENES IN AMERICA.

The *Times* has printed the first of a series of articles under the above heading. The information supplied is said to be the result of an inquiry instituted last year into the relations existing between the Fenians of the United States and the Irish agitators at home. A feud within the ranks of the Clan-na-Gael Society has made it possible to secure a number of important documents, including copies of the "constitution" of the society and printed lists of the officers at various epochs, letters from past and present leaders, secret reports of conventions, and secret circulars issued from time to time by the executive, and preserved in violation of definite rules and solemn pledges. The inquiry, the *Times* goes on to say, is still incomplete, for the society has lately been reorganized under a new secret name, and upon such a basis as to insure greater secrecy than ever, and its present proceedings are veiled in seemingly impenetrable mystery. But the results already attained are so important and so startling, and, moreover, they throw so much light upon recent events and present agitation at home, that it seems desirable, without further delay, to place them before the public. To render intelligible what follows, the *Times* makes the following prefatory statement:—

The Fenian Brotherhood (or F. B.) was established in America to subsidize and aid the Irish association founded by James Stephens under the title of the Irish Revolutionary Brotherhood (or I. R. B.). The secret history of these two societies would dis-illusionize all who place a high estimate upon what they are pleased to call the Irish National movement. It is sufficient here to remark that, as the utter hollowness of the Irish conspiracy was exposed by the outbreak of 1867, so the contemptible failure of the Fenian raid on Canada in 1870 decided a number of the principal conspirators in America to separate themselves from the discredited F. B. and to form a new association. These men met in Philadelphia, and there held the first convention of the organization publicly known as the Clan na-Gael, but more properly called the United Brotherhood. A very transparent cipher was adopted—namely, moving on alphabet. The U.B. thus become the V.C., which was for many years the secret name of the society; the Executive Bureau, as the governing body was termed, became the F.C.; the I.R.B. is mentioned in their reports as the J.S.C., and Ireland is alway Jsfmboe. This society, unlike the F.B., which it superseded, was from its inception secret and oath-bound, and its objects are thus set forth in the official printed "Constitution" —"The object is to aid theJsiji people in the attainment of the complete and absolute independence of Jsfmboe by the overthrow of Csjujti domination; a total separation from that country, and the complete severance of all political connection with it; the establishment of an independent republic on Jsiji soil chose by the free votes of the whole Jsiji people, without distinction of creed or class; and the restoration to all Jsjiinfo of every creed and class of their natural privileges of citizenship and equal rights. It shall prepare unceasingly for an unarmed insurrection in Jsfmboe." Csjutti is, of course, British, and Jsiji is Irish.

F John Devoy, who had been sent to Ireland to report on the condition of the J-S.C. to the Ninth Convention of the V.C., held at Wilkesbarre, Pennsylvania, in August, 1879, called serious attention to the fact that the I.R.B. was taking a position of hostility to the Home Rule movement, then becoming prominent; and deplored the impossibility of keeping the farmers in the ranks of the organization, although in prosperous times they were willing enough to pay for firearms.

Thus Devoy was cautiously endeavouring to prepare the V. C. for that change of front which has since been known as the New Departure. To state his scheme in his own words, in a letter to the *Freeman's Journal*, he desired that "a common basis of political action might be arrived at between several sections of the Irish people, then separated by strong differences of opinion, but having many objects in common." Such language, coming from another quarter, would be reasonable and harmless; but in the mouth of John Devoy, the "envoy" of the American Fenians to the conspirators at home, its meaning is clear. It was an appeal to the revolutionists and dynamiters to stand upon a common platform with land reformers and Home Rulers. The apostle of the new departure was Devoy, but Michael Davitt was its prophet. His release from penal servitude had occurred before the V. C. envoy's arrival in Europe, and grasping the situation at once, he took the lead in the agrarian agitation of 1879. In November of that year, three months after the Wilkesbarre Convention, he founded the Land League, and on the 1st of January, 1880, Mr. Parnell landed in New York to seek American support for the new movement. The V. C. leaders received him with open arms, promoted meetings for him throughout the States, and prominently indentified themselves with him on every platform. In America the new departure was triumphant; but the Fenians at home were too dull to appreciate such a policy, and the Land League was constantly exposed to the open hostility of a section of the I.R.B.

The public events connected with the Land League agitation during the twelve months which followed are too well known to require mention. It is with what went on behind the scenes that we are here concerned.

In view of the V.C. Convention then about to be held in August, 1881, another "envoy" was sent to Europe. This time the emissary selected was W. Mackay Louasney, whose name has since come before the public as the dynamiter who attempted to destroy London Bridge in December, 1883; a crime in the perpetration of which he and his companion met a terrible death. But the V.C. can also command the services of agents of a higher grade, and some of these were visitors to Europe at the same epoch—men whose pursuits and social status in America enable them to meet the Irish parliamentary leaders on equal terms. While Lomasney dealt with the officers of the I.R.B., these other visitors were in constant communication with Home Rule M.P.'s both in the lobbies of the House of Commons and at Caucus meetings of the party in Westminster; adjourning occasionally to Paris, where Patrick Egan was then domiciled in charge of the Land League fund. What took place at these conferences is a secret within the breasts of the men who took part in them; all that is known is that such conferences actually occurred, that prominent Home Rulers were engaged in them, and that the V.C. leaders received the assurance of the emissaries on their return to America that the result was entirely satisfactory. It was freely whispered among the delegates at the convention that Mr. Parnell and his friends were in line with them, and willing to accept their aid in attaining common objects, asking no questions about ulterior aims. This, moreover, was confirmed by an "envoy" who attended as representative of the I.R.B. council.

The Convention was held in Palmer House Hotel Chicago, on the 3rd of August, 1881, and it continued in session till the 10th. The delegates whose credentials were accepted numbered 162. There were warm debates on the Skirmishing Fund, and in order to satisfy the Rossa section an assurance was given that "active work" would be undertaken such as would satisfy the most desperate, and at the same time it was decided that the organization would in the most definite way throw itself into the public agitation. A new executive, under the presidency of Alexander Sullivan, was appointed, and the headquarters were fixed in Chicago. The next act in the drama was the assembling of the public Irish National Convention on the 30th of November. But, before refering in detail to that meeting or to the circulars, public and secret, which were issued in the interval, a digression is desirable on a matter the importance of which will presently appear.

The Skirmishing Fund above mentioned was established in 1875 by Patrick Ford, of the *Irish World*, and was original trustee of the money was Augustine E. Kenny of the same family and the same newspaper. Two years later, at the solicitation of O'Donovan Rossa, the control of the fund was transferred to a committee of six, with Rossa himself as secretary. After a time it was discovered that Rossa was embezzling the fund for his private use, and he was forced to resign in favour of Augustine Ford, who thus resumed the management of it. Early in 1881, Patrick Ford was publicly accused of "having appropriated to his own use" 17,000 dols. of this money. In his defence he published without disguise the whole history of the fund, setting out in capital type the names of the trustees and declaring the objects for which they held the money to be "to lay the big cities of England in ashes," and to destroy, by dynamite the property of England both on land and at sea. For these and no other purposes, he declared, should that fund be used. These statements are not based on secret documents accessible only to conspirators and anti-conspirators. They appeared in leaded type on the front page of the *Irish World* of the 16th of April, 1881, the newspaper which was the acknowledged organ of the Irish Land League of America; and they emanated from the pen of Patrick Ford himself. Yet Patrick Ford's was the first signature to the public circular summoning the Irish National Convention of November, 1881; and to this document Mr. T. P. O'Connor, M. P., and Mr. T. M. Healy, M. P., attached their names. The other signataries were P. A. Collins, of Boston, some time member of the F.C.V.C., or executive Body of the United Brotherhood; John Boyle O'Reilly, who had escaped from Western Australia while undergoing a sentence of penal servitude for Fenianism; and Mr. Eugene Sheehy, an Irish priest who had lately emerged from an Irish prison. The New Departure compact was thus bearing fruit even before the meeting of the Convention.

LIST OF RESIDENTS

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL BOMBAY.

b Dr Davy M S
b Mr & Mrs C E Cardew, Guntakul
b Mr H Lamb
b „ D Uthie
b „ S Williams
b „ H V Bennett ADC
b „ Blatwayt
b „ H A William England
b Miss Williams do
b Mr E Bellasis do
b Mrs Bellasis do
b Mr H Scannell
b „ Way
b Mr&Mrs Herbert Wright
b Mr J Rankin
b „ F W Kelly
b „ F K Kelly
b Lieut H Drew, 50th Regt
b „ H Lowther do
b Mr C Henderson Colombo
b Lieut G B Pounder 82nd Regt Penang
b Mr G Duff
b Revd & Mrs Wingate Ceylon
b Mrs A M Keighly
b Mr H Horlam Hydrabad
b „ E A Seaton do
b Mrs Scannell England
b Capt C F Francis do
b Colonel & Mrs Sanderson England
b Miss Sanderson do
b Major Cummins Burmah
b Miss Mc Gregor Indore
b Dr & Mrs Maclin Delhi
b Mr John Harpur Karachi
b „ C O Leefe
b „ W R Larminie Calcutta
b Revd James Sharp
b Mr Egelke Bombay
b Dr and Mrs Lewtas, Mardan
b Mr E E Sawyer, Dharwar
b „ and Mrs Rheins, Calcutta
b „ Dake Brookman
b „ J R G Nicolls
b „ Reed
b Major Yerbury, R A, R Pindi
b Mr E S Martin
b „ E Spinner, Bombay
b „ G M Farrell
b „ Mr Meredyth 7th Hussars
b „ J W Wheal
b Lieut Morris, R Pindi
b Mr and Mrs Chapman
b Major Egerton, Fyzabad
b Mr I Kleinknecht, Khangaum
b Col W H Burton, Madras
Mr F D Bohvant 7th Bo Cavalry, Poona
„ J W Rowlins 12th B C, Nowshera
Major E R Evans, R Welsh Fusiliers, Lucknow
b Mr A J Bramly
b Capt Hayes, S S Cairo
b Mr J Bourne-Benson, Bombay
b „ H Wilkinson, Nagpore
b Mrs J T Dibben
Dr J W Tyler, C I E
b Mr R D Baily, Punjab
Lieut F Smith 19th Bengal Lancer Punjab
b Mr J C Niven
b Mrs Edward Hight, England
b Mr and Mrs A E Hight, England
b „ D D Cunningham
b Mr J F Lumsden, C S
b Major and Mr. Grant, England
b Mr. E Bethune, 6th D Guards England
b Col and Mrs Strong, England
b Mr I H Hermanovite, Paris
b Col Warter, R H A
b Col Lambert Yonge,
b Capt and Mrs deBargh, M Meer

Residents left during the week mark (b) thus.

b Dr Sinclair, Rangoon
b Dr Gibson, Kamptee
b Mr R H Wilson, Branch
b Capt Rosecter, Poona
b Major Peyton, Poona
b Surgeon Ahealy,
Miss Gill, England
b Col Macnaughton, Poona
b Miss Macnaughton, do
Mr G Opitz, England
b Mr E S Thommason, b Capt and Mrs J Watkins
b Mr W Barry, Matheran
b Mr French,
b Mrs Clibborn, Delhi
b Miss Craddock, Jabalpore
b Col Ludlow, Secunderabad
b Col L Hunt,
b Mr W J McElhimny, Kirkee
b Mr W S Owen, Egutsar
b Mr F Charles, C S Municipal Commissioner Bombay
b Mrs F Charles, Bombay
b Miss Cotes, Bombay
b Mr F W Howse,
b Mr J W Sakin,
Capt T M Irvine,
b Dr T Young,
b Mr O Thackwell, R E
b Mr E J Moore, Calcutta
Mr F Turner, Bombay
b Mr R Craddock B C S, Jubulpur
b Capt Francis, Poona
b Hon H Yarde Buller, Agra
Mr A G Haslam, A V D Kirkee
Major Fleetwood Lancashire Fusiliers, Neemuch
b Lieut and Mrs Lloyd, England
b Mr G Fitz William Curtis, England
Mr H Lavery, England
„ G Buchanan, England
„ A Blackburn, Ireland
„ D Herbert, do.
b Genl Miles, England
b Major Franklyn, England
b Mr R Molkenteller, England
b Mr L H A Kershawe Forest Dept, Bawder
Mr E Jones
Dr and Mrs Frias
Mr Lindsley, Bombay
b Mr R G Thomson, Bombay
b Mr and Mrs A Lyle
Mr and Mrs Hilpern
b Capt Boower
b Mr R S Thornton
b „ E West
Lieut Bolleau, 2nd Goorkhas
Mr E Douffet
„ Taussing Alfred
„ St Boggs, Bombay
„ Planoe, Do
Colonel S Tenny, RA, Bombay
Mr FitzMaurice
Lieut H Colonel 2nd Goorkhas
Mr Hardeck, Bombay
„ T Walker, Do
b „ Brooksby, Bombay
„ Bachrach, Do
D Bank, Do
Lieut Stanford, RA, Bombay
Mr Thos Wilson, Bombay
„ Thos Duncan, Barat-Law, Bombay
Mr Mark Wahn, Do
Mr R G Webb, Do
Major Cunningham, RE Bombay
b Colonel Moberly, Do

DAILY EXPORTS.—JUNE 2.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Victoria (s), 51 bales wool, N Thakordas; 46 bales wool, T Chimandas; 35 bales wool, Jadowji Khimji; 15 bales wool, D Jamraz; 530 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co; 1094 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 45 bales cotton, G Kessowji; 55 bales wool, G H Adamji; 263 cwts myrabolums, J Facheri.

Etolia (s), 1,174 cwts wheat, Lang Moir and Co; 10 cwts wheat, Lyon and Co; 4,500 cwts wheat, Ewart Latham and Co.

Eden Hall (s), 200 bales cotton. Thos H Moore and Co; 100 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 400 bales cottou, The Bombay Co, Ld.

Esther Roy (s), 173 bales hemp, David Sassoon and Co.

Architect (s), 900 cwts wheat, Ewart Latham and Co; 10,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

City of Vasice (s), 1,500 cwts wheat, Narsee Khatao; 4,000 cwts wheat, and 100 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 800 bales cotton, Ritchie Stewart and Co; 251 cwts coir yarn, Finlay Muir and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Etna (s) 10 bales cotton, A B Ahmedbhai; 475 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR HULL.

Lepanto (s), 4,000 cwts wheat, Killick Nixon and Co; 3,000 cwts groundnuts and 4,000 cwts linseed, J Fachiri, 1,008 cwts myrabolums, Beyts Craig and Co; 470 cwts myrabolums, J Hurchand; 900 cwts myrabolums, D Kessowji.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Kt Campanion (s), 1500 cwts linseed, The Bombay Co, Ld.

FOR ANTWERP.

Gordonier (s), 100 cwts rapeseed, Purnott and Co.
Cy of Philadelphia (s), bales hemp, Volkart Bros.

FOR HAVRE.

St Albans (s), 1,530 cwts rapeseed, Lang Moir and Co.
Tockwith (s), 200 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Lisnacrieve (s), 230 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR TRIESTE.

Assam (s), 110 bales cotton, Purnott Co; 220 bales cotton, Killick Nixon Co; 325 cwts myrabolums, Aloss Schweiger; 110 bales cotton, The Bombay Co, Ld., 110 bales cotton, Lang Moir and Co.

FOR BREMERHAVEN.

Latimor (s), 4,90 bales cotton, Gaddam Bythell and Co 390 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 110 bales cotton, The Bombay Co, Ld.,

FOR PALERMO.

Lamport (s), 190 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros; 5,990 cwts wheat, Louis Dreyfus and Co.

FOR PORT SAID.

Cleveland (s), 10,000 cwts wheat, Lang Moir and Co.

FOR GNOA.

Monkseaton (s), 2,000 cwts wheat, Wm Bell and Co.
Maulkins Tower (s). 200 bales cotton. F Sauquet and Co; 50 bales cotton, Breul and Co; 100 bales cotton, Thos H Moore and Co; 450 bales cotton, Gaddam Bythell and Co; 55 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

JUNE 3.

FOR LEGHORN.

Etolia (s), 55 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 113 bales cotton, C Kankanse; 225 bales cotton fly; F L Batleboi; 225 bales cotton, P Heerji.

Eden Hall (s), 59 bales cotton, R Hyde Chutham and Co; 2 cwts wheat, Owen and Okell.

Victoria (s), 230 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co; 4 bales wool, M Ramgopal.

E Reed (s), 300 cwts myrabolums, N Lalji.

Beliena (s), 8,000 cwts wheat, The Bombay Co, Ld.

City of Venice (s), 500 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 205 bales cotton, M Sewji; 10,000 cwts wheat, Killick Nixon and Co; 4,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR NEW YORK.

Victoria (s), 1 package cotton, Finlay Muir and Co; 1 case Indian curiosities, G R Purvis and Co.

FOR GIBRALTER.

Victoria (s), 2 cases Indian curiosities, &c., W and A Graham and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Etna (s) 110 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co; 365 bales cotton, Breul and Co; 1,503 bales cotton, J C Bushby and Co.
Assam (s), 15 cwts ivory, A. Ahmed.

FOR HULL.

Lepanto (s), 42 cwts myrabolums, Beyts Craig and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

St Albans (s), 2 bales cotton, F Sauquet and Co; 4,000 cwts wheat, and 4,000 cwts linseed, Killick Nixon and Co.
Tockwith (s), 19,995 cwts wheat, Volkart Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Gordonier (s), 200 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 376 cwts wheat, Wm Bell and Co; 200 bales cotton, Ritchie Stewart and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Dunbar (s), 1,500 cwts groundnuts, Lang Moir and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Assam (s), 200 bales cotton, Breul and Co;

FOR TRIESTE.

Assam (s), 275 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 110 bales cotton, Lang Moir and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Maulkins Tower (s), 660 cwts wheat, Wm Bell and Co; 100 bales cotton, Dymes and Co;
Worsley Hall (s), 800 cwts linseed, A Blascheck and Co;

CALCUTTA COMMERCIAL.

CALCUTTA, MONDAY 30, 1887.

COMMERCIAL COMPANIES' SHARES.

STOCKS.	Paid Rs.	½ year's Divd.	Quotation Rs.
Agra Pressing Co.	100	6 ad-int.	...
Agricultural Phosphates ...	100	10 p.ct.	34x.
Alipore Coal Co....	100	nil.	120
Alkali Co.	Rs. 9	nil.	Nml.
Asiatic Jute Co., Ld. ...	100	nil.	Lqda.
Bally Paper Mills Co. ...	£10	5 p. ct.	150
Barnagore Jute Factory ...	£10	nil.	80
Bengal Coal Co., Ld.	1000	5 p. ct.	1,600
B. Baraguada Copper (preference A shares)	s10	.....	9½
Do. Deferred B Shares ...	£1	.....	7½
Bengal Ice Manfg. Co. ...	100	nil.	71
Do. Mills Co., Ld. ...	£100	2½ p.ct.	1,200
Do. Silk Co., Ld. ...	100	7 p. ct.	65
Do. Telephone Co. ...	100	8 p. ct.	50
Bonded Warehouse	445	Rs 10 p.sh	270x
Bowreah Cotton Mills ...	100	3 p. ct.	60
Budge-Budge J. Mills ...	80	nil.	72
Burrakur Coal Co.	100	5 p. ct.	140
Calcutta Hydraulic	100	nil.	40
Do. Steam Co.	100	6 p. ct.	102
Do. Tramways Co. ...	£10	2 p. ct.	90
Camperdown P. Co., Ld. ...	100	7 p. ct.	106
Canal Press Co.	100	nil.	85
Carew & Co., Ld. (Sugar) ...	100	2 p. ct.	100
Cawnpur Cotton Mills Co. ...	100	5 p. ct.	115
Do. Woollen Mills ...	50	5 p. ct.	63
Chitpur Hydraulic P.	100	nil.	40
Crown Brewery Musari ...	100	7 p. ct.	105
Crystal Ice Co., Ld.	100	nil.	80
Darjeeling Himalayan Ry. Co...	100	6 p. ct.	103
Do. do. K. & Hotel Co. ...	100	.....	34
Deoghar Ry. Co., Ld.	100	2½ ct.	92x.
Do. Mining Co., Ld. ...	10	.....	½
Dunbar Cotton Mills	100	nil.	30
Egerton Woollen Mills Co., Ld...	100	5 p. ct.	105
Empress Ind Cotton Co., Ld. ..	500	4 p. ct.	400
Equitable Coal Co., Ld... ...	100	nil.	150
Fort Gloster Jute Manufacturing.	100	nil.	25
Gobra Tannery Co., Ld... ...	100	nil.	100
Goosery Cotton Mills	200	5 p. ct.	2.5
Gouripore Co., Ld.	100	3 p. ct.	90
Great Eastern Hotel	100	2½ p. ct.	89
Hooghly Mills Co., Ld.	75	nil.	31d.
Howrah Docking Co.	500	Rs.5 p.sh.	115
Do. Mills Co., Ld.	100	nil.	85
India G. S. N. Co., Ld. ...	100	3 p. ct.	100
Jheel Pressing Co., Ld. ...	100	nil.	Lqda.
Kamerhatty Jute Mills... ...	50	nil.	90
Kangra V. S. Co., Ld.	100	10 p.ct.	110
Lahore Tramway Co.	100	.....	110
Landing & Shipping Co. ...	100	nil.	60n.
Lyell & Co., Ld., Allahabad ...	100	12 p.ct.	85
Morrison E. & Co., Naini Tal ...	100	.....	65
Muir Mills Co., Cotton	200	7 p. ct.	295
Murree Brewery Co., Ld. ...	100	10 p ct.	140
Naini Tal Brewery Co., Ld. ...	100	12 p. ct.	115
Nasmyth's Pat. Press	100	5 p. ct.	65
New Beerbhoom Coal	100	5 p. ct.	103
Orissa Coasting S. N.	75	nil.	50d
Planters Stores and Agency Co., Ld.	£10	3 p. ct.	£11
Rajmahal Stone Co.	100	5½ p. ct.	80
Ramkistopore Press	100	nil.	45
Ranegunge Coal Assn.	100	nil.	54
Riverside Press Co.	90	nil.	50
R. Scott Thomson & Co... ...	500	2½ p. ct.	235x
Scindia Paper Mills Co... ...	£1	.....	Nml.
Do. Vendors Shares... ...	£1	.....	Nml.
Seebpore Jute Manfg.	100	nil.	50
Strand Bank Press Co.	100	nil.	32
Tarkessur Railway Co.	100	2½ p. ct.	102
Titaghur Paper Mills	100	4 p. ct.	97-19
Union Jute Co., Ld.	75	3 p. ct.	115
Watson's Patent Press	100	nil.	68

TEA COMPANIES' SHARES.

(Yearly)

Adulpore Terai (Darij.) ...	100	nil.	‡	70
Amicable (Assam)	100	nil.	‡	Lqdn
Amluckie...	100	5 p. ct.		42
Arcuttipore (Cachar)	100	0 p. ct.		40
Assam Company...	185	0 ad.-int.		530
Baintbarrie Tea Co., Ld. ...	100	nil.	‡	80
Balasun (Darjeeling)	100	7 p. ct.		51
Bengal (Cachar)...	100	3 p. ct.	‡	33
Do. contributory	80	3 p. ct.	‡	23
Bishnath (Assam)	200	4 p. ct.	‡	100
Do. contributory	100	4 p. ct.	‡	40
Borelli (Assam)	450	3 ad.-int.		165
Burkholah (Cachar)	100	2 p. ct.		30
Central (Cachar)	20	3 p. ct.	‡	87
Do. Terai (Darj.)	100	nil.	‡	18
Chandypore (Cachar)	100	nil.	‡	20
Cherra (Cachar)	£10	.....	‡	50
Chota Nagpore	100	nil.	‡	24
Chumta Tea Co.	100	2 p. ct.	‡	...
Cochcola (Cachar)	100	nil.	‡	10
Cutteclara (Cachar)	100	nil.	‡	100
Darg. Tea & Cinchona ...	100	8 p. ct.	‡	100x
Dehing (Assam)	90	3 p. ct.	‡	24
Dehra Doon	100	5 p. ct.	‡	45
Dejoo (Assam)	£10	2½ ad.-int.		110
Dessai & Parbutt (Assam) ...	100	9 p. ct.	‡	80
Dhunsiri	100	nil.	‡	95
Doom Dooma, Ordinary ...	£10	13½ p. ct.	‡	136
Do. do. A	£10	8 p. ct.	‡	156
Do. do. B	£10	15 p. ct.	‡	168
Durrung (Assam)	100	3 p. ct.	‡	28
Eastern Cachar	100	nil.	‡	14
East India Assam & Cachar ...	100	nil.	‡	21
Endogram (Cachar)	£10	.....		Nml.
Gielle (Darjeeling)	100	5 p. ct.		50
Good Hope Tea Co.	100	29 p. ct.		170
Goomtee Tea	100	nil.	‡	86
Gowhatty (Assam)	100	nil.	‡	Lqdn
Grob (Assam)	100	nil.	‡	11
Gyrabaree (Darjeeling)	90	nil.	‡	18
Holta (Kangra)	100	5 p. ct.	‡	50
Hoolmaree (Assam)	100	15 p. ct.		95
Hoolungoorie (Assam)	100	3 p. ct.		30
Hopetown	100	6 p.-ct.	‡	100
Do. contributory	100	5 p.-ct.	‡	100
Hotewar (Chota Nagpore) ...	100	.....		100
Hunwal (Assam)	£10	.....		100
Indian Terai	500	11 p. ct.	‡	415
Iringmara (Cachar)	100	13 p. ct.	‡	100
Jeadnga Val (Cachar)	100	7 p. ct.	‡	93
Jhanzie Tea Assn., Ld.	£5	4 ad.-int.	‡	88
Jinglam Darjeeling	100	nil.	‡	92
Jokai (Assam)	£10	5 ad.-int.		150
Kalacherra (Cachar)	100	nil.	‡	15
Kamptie Gwalbo (Assam) ...	100	.....		par
Khobong (Assam) A	100	10 p. ct.		105
Do. do. B	100	4 p. ct.	‡	105
Kormafuli (Chittg.)	60	nil.		34
Kousanie	100	.....		Nm
Kunchunpore (Cachar)	100	nil.	‡	8
Kurseong & Darjeeling ...	250	nil.	‡	52
Do. contributory	200	nil.	‡	42
Kuttal (Cachar)	100	16 p. ct.	‡	198
Lakatoora (Sylhet)	100	2½ p.ct.	‡	103
Leesli River (*W. Doours*) ...	£10	4 p. ct.		£12
Longview (Dar.)	100	3½ p. ct.		43
Loobah	100	10 p. ct.		102
Lower Assam	£74	nil.	‡	5
Do. Darjeeling	100	nil.	‡	Nml.
Luckimpore, Assam	£10	4 p.ct.	‡	60
Majagram (Cachar)	100	nil.	‡	30
Mesai Tea Co.	£10	8 p. ct.		105
Mim Tea Co.	100	11 p. ct.		90
Mohurgung Tea Co.	100	5 p. ct.	‡	20
Monacherra (Cachar)	100	nil.	‡	13
Do. contributory	90	nil.	‡	6
Moran, Assam	80	.....		30d.
Mothola, Assam	100	14 p. ct.		100
Do. contributory	90	14 p. ct.		99
Munjha (Darjg. Tea)	100	nil.	‡	50
Mungledye, Assam Tea ...	100	nil.	‡	...
New Gola Ghat, Assam ...	£10	.....		Lqdn.
New Mutual (Cachar)... ...	100	3½ p. ct.		100
North Western Cachar	100	2½ p. ct.		28
Phoenix of (Cachar)	85	nil.	‡	21
Pankabaree (Darjg.)	100	6 p. ct.	‡	47
Pashok (Darjeeling)	100	nil.	‡	41
Phoolbaree Tea Co., Ld. ...	100	9 p. ct.	‡	91
Puttareah (Sylhet)	100	nil.	‡	40
Rajabaree (Assam)	100	5 p. ct.	‡	40
Ring Tong (Darjg.)	100	7 p. ct.	‡	25
Rungamatee (Cachar)... ...	100	4 p. ct.	‡	58
Rungtee Rungtiot	100	10 p. ct.		103
Sagmootia (Assam)	100	nil.	‡	Nml
Sinakati Tea Co., Ld.	100	7 p. ct.	‡	110
Second Mutual, Cachar ...	558	p. ct.	‡	10d
Second Fallodhi	100	3 p. ct.	‡	21
Selim Tea Co., Ld.	100	2 p. ct.	‡	20
Singbulli & Murmah	100	7 p. ct.	‡	69
Singell (Darjeeling)	100	4 p. ct.	‡	42
Singlo Tea Co.	100	.....		100
Singtom Tea Co., Ld.	100	4 p. ct.	‡	108
Soom (Darjeeling)	100	6 p.ct.	‡	75
Springside (Darjeeling) ...	100	6 p. ct.		60
Sungoo River (Chittg.)... ...	100	nil.	‡	16
Teendarres (Darjg.)	100	2 p. ct.	‡	21
Teesta Valley (Darjg.)	100	5 p. ct.		80
Ting Ling (Darjeeling)... ...	100	8 p. ct.		95
Tingri Tea Co., Ld.	100	23 p. ct.		101
Tukvar (Darjeeling)	200	6 p. ct.	‡	115
Upper Assam	£10	nil.	‡	15
Washabarie W. Decars	100	.....		...

ad.-int. d-interim dividend on crop of 1886
‡ Total dividend on crop of 1886.
‡ Total dividend on crop of 1885.
—Dividend for the year.
—Buyers.
s Sellers.
w—Wanted.
x Exclusive of dividend.
n—Nominal.
r—Rupees per share.
or cent., guaranteed for 5 years.

AN UNUSUAL FURORE.

(*New York Press.*)

A short time since we copied into our columns from the Rochester, N. Y., *Democrat and Chronicle* "A Professional Confession," made by J. B. Henion, M. D., a gentleman who is well-known in this city. In that article Dr. Henion recounted a wonderful experience which befell him, and a few days thereafter we published from the same paper a second article, giving an account of the "Excitement in Rochester," caused by Dr. Henion's statement. In the first article Dr. Henion stated that for a number of years, up to last June, he had been afflicted with what seemed at first a most mysterious trouble. He felt unaccountably tired at frequent intervals; he had dull and indefinite pains in various parts of his body and head, and was very hungry one day, and entirely without appetite the next. However, as a physician, he thought, and so did his fellow physicians, that he was suffering from malaria.

But yet he grew worse, and was finally obliged to give up a large and lucrative pratice. Still he was not conscious of his danger, nor that a monstrous disease was becoming fixed upon him, although all his organs had became gradually weakened. The symptoms above described continued, accompanied by others of an aggravated nature, and he noticed a peculiar odor and odour about the fluids he was passing; that they were abundant one day and very scanty the next, and were covered with froth, or filled with brick dust sediment. But even then he did not realize his real and alarming condition. At last, however, he was brought face to face with the fact that he was a victim of a most terrible disease, and he made heroic efforts for recovery. He travelled extensively, and consulted the best physicians, but they could give him only a temporary relief, and that principally in the form of morphine. And so he grew steadily and constantly worse until his life became a torture. His pulse was uncont

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☞ The GUIDE for June has been thoroughly revised and systematically arranged, and considerably enlarged, and the attention of travellers is particularly directed to the table of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, which shows at a glance how a tourist making Bombay his starting-point can spend his time to the best advantage. Short descriptive notices of all places of interest, the hill sanitaria, &c., are also given.

This Guide, having a large monthly circulation throughout India, forms a very good medium for advertisers. For Rates, &c., apply to the Manager, "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

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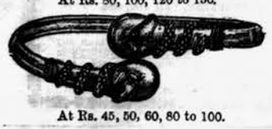

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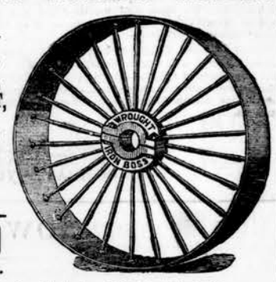

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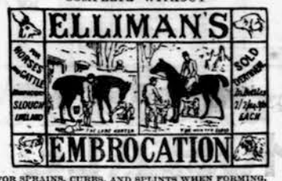

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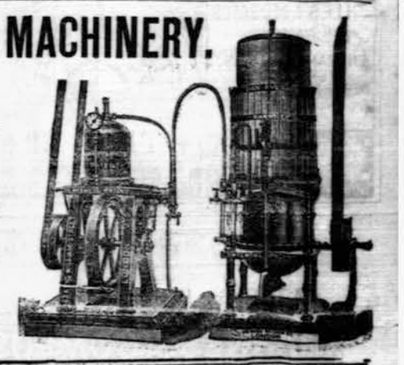

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